Документ подписан простой электронной подписью

Информация с владельце: ФИО: Высоцкая набыта Арександровна уки и высшего образования Российской Федерации Федеральное поохдарственное бюджетное образовательное учреждение высшего образования «Ростовский государственный экономический университет (РИНХ)» Уникальный программный ключ: Очитиаль в г. Миллерово Ростовской области 49ad56fe82cf536c4e0b05841d80034044358 г. Миллерово Ростовской области

> **УТВЕРЖДАЮ** Директор филиала Т. А. Высоцкая 25.03.2025_Γ.

Рабочая программа дисциплины Иностранный язык в профессиональной деятельности

Специальность 38.02.06 Финансы

Для набора 2024 года

Форма обучения	очная
Часов по учебному плану	88
в том числе:	
аудиторные занятия	60
самостоятельная работа	28

Миллерово 2025 г.

Распределение часов дисциплины по семестрам

Семестр (<Курс>.<Семестр на курсе>)		3 (2.1)		4 (2.2)		5 (3.1)		Итого		
Недель	1	16		16		20	1	2		
Видзанятий	УП	РΠ	УП	РΠ	УП	РΠ	УП	РΠ		
Практические	16	16	20	20	24	24	60	60		
В том числе в форме практ.подготовки	32		30		26		88			
Итогоауд.	16	16	20	20	24	24	60	60		
Контактнаяработа	16	16	20	20	24	24	60	60		
Сам. работа	16	16	10	10	2	2	28	28		
Итого	32	32	30	30	26	26	88	88		

ОСНОВАНИЕ

Федеральный государственный образовательный стандарт среднего профессионального образования по специальности 38.02.06 Финансы (приказ Министерства образования и науки Российской Федерации от 05.02.2018 г. № 65)

Рабочая программа составлена по образовательной программе 38.02.06 Финансы для набора 2024 года

Программа среднего профессионального образования

Учебный план утвержден учёным советом вуза от 25.03.2025г. протокол № 10

Рабочая программа составлена на основе рабочей программы указанной дисциплины, утвержденной в ФЭК ФГБОУ ВО РГЭУ (РИНХ) с учетом условий реализации программы среднего профессионального образования, действующих в Филиале федерального государственного бюджетного образовательного учреждения высшего образования "Ростовский государственный экономический университет (РИНХ)" в г. Миллерово Ростовской области

Программу составил(и): Преподаватель Кожанова Е.В.; Преподаватель Кравченко В.И.; Преподаватель Уманцева В.Н.; Преподаватель Овсянникова И.А.

Председатель ЦМК: Болдырева И.В.

Рассмотрено на заседании ЦМК от 25.03.2025г. протокол № 4

	1. ЦЕЛИ ОСВОЕНИЯ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ					
1.1	- расширение представлений об английском языке как о языке международного общения и средстве приобщения к ценностям мировой культуры и национальных культур;					
1.2	- формирование коммуникативной компетенции, позволяющей свободно общаться на английском языке в сфере профессиональной деятельности, с учётом приобретенного словарного запаса, а также условий, мотивов и целей общения;					
1.3	- формирование и развитие всех компонентов коммуникативной компетенции: лингвистической, социолингвистической, дискурсивной, социокультурной, социальной, стратегической и предметной;					
1.4	- воспитание личности, способной и желающей участвовать в общении на международном уровне;					
1.5	- воспитание уважительного отношения к другим культурам и социальным субкультурам.					

	2. МЕСТО Д	ИСЦИПЛИНЫ В СТРУКТУРЕ ОБРАЗОВАТЕЛЬНОЙ ПРОГРАММЫ					
Ці	Цикл (раздел) ООП: ОГСЭ						
2.1	Требования к предварі	ительной подготовке обучающегося:					
2.1.1	Освоение знаний, умений и навыков базового уровня по дисциплинам филологического профиля ФГОС среднего общего образования						
2.2	Дисциплины и практики, для которых освоение данной дисциплины (модуля) необходимо как предшествующее:						
2.2.1		лины необходимо как предшествующее для изучения дисциплин цикла, для прохождения производственной практики.					
2.2.2	Документационное обес	печение управления					
2.2.3	Международные расчети	ы по экспортно-импортным операциям					

3. ТРЕБОВАНИЯ К РЕЗУЛЬТАТАМ ОСВОЕНИЯ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ

3.1 Знать

ОК 09. Пользоваться профессиональной документацией на государственном и иностранном языках

- правила построения простых и сложных предложений на профессиональные темы;
- основные общеупотребительные глаголы (бытовая и профессиональная лексика);
- лексический минимум, относящийся к описанию предметов, средств и процессов профессиональной деятельности;
- особенности произношения;
- правила чтения текстов профессиональной направленности.

3.2 Уметь

ОК 09. Пользоваться профессиональной документацией на государственном и иностранном языках

- понимать общий смысл четко произнесенных высказываний на известные темы (профессиональные и бытовые);
- понимать тексты на базовые и профессиональные темы;
- строить простые высказывания о себе и о своей профессиональной деятельности;
- участвовать в диалогах на общие и профессиональные темы;
- кратко обосновывать и объяснять свои действия (текущие и планитруемые);
- писать простые связные сообщения на знакомые или интересующие профессиональные темы.

3.3 Владеть

ОК 09. Пользоваться профессиональной документацией на государственном и иностранном языках

- навыками устной и письменной речи на английском языке.

	4. СТРУКТУРА И СОД	ІЕРЖАНИІ	Е ДИСЦ	иплины (м	иодуля)	
Код	Наименование разделов и тем /вид	Семестр	Часов	Компетен-	Литература	Примечание
занятия	занятия/	/ Kypc		ции		
	Раздел 1. Деловой иностранный язык.					
1.1	Эффективное интервью и способы его	3	2	OK 09.	Л1.1Л2.1	
	организации. /Пр/				Л2.2 Л2.3	
					Э1 Э4	
1.2	Устройство на работу. Составление	3	2	ОК 09.	Л1.1Л2.1	
	резюме /Ср/				Л2.2 Л2.3	
					Э2 Э 4	
1.3	Устройство на работу. Особенности	3	2	OK 09.	Л1.1Л2.1	
1.5	составления резюме. /Пр/	3	2	OR 0).	Л2.2 Л2.3	
	составления резюме. /тгр/					
				010.00	Э2	
1.4	Типы бизнеса в	3	2	OK 09.	Л1.1Л2.1	
	Великобритании/Германии.				Л2.2 Л2.3	
1.5	Корпорации. /Ср/ График работы и особенности	3	2	ОК 09.	Э2 Э4 Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2	
	организации трудового дня. /Ср/		_		Л2.3 Э1 Э2	
1.6	Слияние и поглощение фирм.	3	2	ОК 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2	
	/Пp/				Л2.3 Э1 Э2 Э4	
1.7	Формы бизнеса в Соединенных Штатах Америки/Германии.	3	2	ОК 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э3	
1.8	/Ср/ Особенности общения по вертикали. /Ср/	3	2	ОК 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2	
	-				Л2.3 Э2 Э4	
1.9	Директора и менеджеры. Функции руководителя. /Пр/	3	2	OK 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1	
1.10	Ведение бизнес корреспонденции. /Пр/	3	2	ОК 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э2	
1.11	Бизнес визит. Повседневное общение.	3	2	ОК 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2	
	/Cp/				Л2.3 Э1	
1.12	Бизнес командировка. В аэропорту. Прохождение таможни. /Пр/	3	1	OK 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э4	
1.13	Бизнес командировка. На железнодорожном вокзале. В гостинице. /Пр/	3	1	ОК 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э2	
1.14	Деньги (английские,американские,немецкие банкноты). История происхождения и современное использование. Валютные резервы. /Ср/	3	2	OK 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э2	
1.15	Обмен валюты и обменные пункты. /Пр/	3	2	ОК 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э2	
1.16	Подделка денег и степень защиты банкнот. /Ср/	3	2	ОК 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э2	
	Раздел 2. Деловое общение. Деловая корреспонденция.					
2.1	Деловое общение. Особенности делового стиля. /Пр/	4	1	ОК 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э4	
2.2	Деловое общение.Телефонные переговоры. /Пр/	4	2	ОК 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э4	

2.3	Современные средства передачи информации. E-mail. /Пр/	3	2	ОК 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э2	
2.4	Контракт (транспортная накладная, коммерческая накладная, страховая). /Пр/	4	2	OK 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1	
2.5	Особенности составления разного рода договоров. /Пр/	4	2	ОК 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э4	
2.6	Современные средства передачи информации. E-mail. Составление сообщения на английском языке на электронную почту /Ср/	4	2	ОК 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э4	
2.7	Использование гаджетов в банковской сфере. /Пр/	4	1	ОК 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э4	
	Раздел 3. Страноведение.					
3.1	Великобритания/Германия. Экономика. Характеристики экономической системы. /Ср/	4	2	ОК 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э2 Э3	
3.2	США/Австрия/Швейцария. Экономика. /Ср/	4	2	ОК 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э2	
3.3	Россия. Экономика. Особенности экономического развития в до- и постперестроечный период. /Пр/	4	2	ОК 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э2	
3.4	Экономические системы. Характерные особенности /Пр/	4	1	ОК 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э2	
3.5	Экономические системы. Сравнительно- сопоставительная характеристика экономических систем России и англо- говорящих стран /Ср/	4	2	OK 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э4	
	Раздел 4. Финансы.					
4.1	Предприятие. Платежная ведомость компании. Подоходный налог.	4	2	ОК 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э4	
	/Пp/					
4.2	Финансовая деятельности на предприятиях разного типа. /Пр/	4	2	OK 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1	
4.3	Балансовый отчет. /Пр/	4	2	OK 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э4	
4.4	Рекомендательные письма банков. /Пр/	4	1	OK 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э4	
4.5	Сервис банка. Открытие счета. /Пр/	4	2	OK 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э2	
4.6	Английские/немецкие банки. Основные характеристики их деятельности. /Пр/	5	2	ОК 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э3	
4.7	Федеральная резервная система США/Германии. Как устроен самый влиятельный центробанк. /Пр/	5	2	ОК 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э2	
4.8	Лондонская фондовая биржа. /Ср/	4	2	ОК 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э4	
4.9	Рынки и биржи. Акции в Великобритании/Германии. Фондовый рынок Великобритании/Германии. /Пр/	5	2	OK 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э3	
4.10	Ценные бумаги и фондовые биржи. /Пр/	5	2	OK 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э4	
4.11	Финансовая деятельность компании.	5	2	OK 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1	
4.12	/Пр/ Биржа финансовых фьючерсов. Российский рынок FORTS. /Пр/	5	2	ОК 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э4	
4.13	Организованный рынок.	5	2	ОК 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э2	
4.14	/Пр/ Основные виды страховых услуг банков.	5	2	ОК 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2	
4.15	/Пр/ Основные виды страховых услуг	5	2	OK 09.	Л2.3 Э1 Э4 Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2	
-	банков. Подготовить проект по одному				Л2.3 Э1 Э4	

	из видов страховых банковских					
	услуг /Ср/					
4.16	Страхование и риски. Основные виды страховых услуг банков.	5	2	OK 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э2	
4.15	1	_	_	077.00	H1 1 H2 1 H2 2	
4.17	Лондонский Ллойдз/Немецкий банк - история страхового синдиката. /Пр/	5	2	ОК 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э3	
4.18	Виды и функции налогов, налоговая нагрузка. Налоги и налогообложение /Пр/	5	2	OK 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э4	
4.19	Дифференцированный зачет /Пр/	5	2	OK 09.	Л1.1Л2.1 Л2.2 Л2.3 Э1 Э2	

5. ФОНД ОЦЕНОЧНЫХ СРЕДСТВ

5.1. Фонд оценочных средств для проведения промежуточной аттестации

Контрольные вопросы и задания для проведения текущего контроля и промежуточной аттестации содержатся в приложении к РПД

5.2. Фонд оценочных средств для проведения текущего контроля

Резюме;

Типы бизнеса в Великобритании/США;

Функции руководителя;

Великобритания/ США/ Россия. Экономика;

Банковская система Великобритания/ США/ Россия;

Финансовая деятельность компании.

Страховые услуги банка.

		6.1. Рекомендуемая литератур	a				
6.1.1. Основная литература							
	Авторы, составители	Заглавие	Издательство, год	Колич-во			
Л1.1	Голубев А.П., Балюк Н.В., Смирнов И.Б.	Английский язык: учеб. пособие для студ. сред. проф. учеб. заведений: Иностранный язык(английский)	M:., 2021	50			
Л1.2	Маньковская, З. В	Английский язык : учебное пособие	Москва : ИНФРА-М, 2024	https://znanium.ru/cat alog/product/212844 3			
	•	6.1.2. Дополнительная литерату	ра	•			
	Авторы, составители	Заглавие	Издательство, год	Колич-во			
Л2.1	Безкоровайная Г. Т., Койранская Е. А., Соколова Н. И., Лаврик Г. В.	Planet of English: учебник английского языка для СПО: Иностранный язык в профессиональной деятельности	М.: ИЦ Академия, 2017	0			
Л2.2	А. С. Изволенская, Е. Э. Кожарская; под редакцией Л. В. Полубиченко.	Английский язык для колледжей (A2-B2): учебное пособие для среднего профессионального образования	Москва: Издательство Юрайт, , 2023.	http://biblioclub.ru/ - неограниченный доступ для зарегистрированн ых пользователей			

Л2.3	Т. В. Моисеева, А. Ю. Широких, Н. Н. Цаплина.	Английский язык для экономистов: учебное пособие для среднего профессионального образования	Москва: Издательство Юрайт, 2023.	http://biblioclub.ru/ - неограниченный доступ для зарегистрированн ых пользователей			
	6.2. Переч	ень ресурсов информационно-телекоммуникац	ионной сети "Интернет"				
Э1	30 англо-русских,русск	о-английских и толковых словарей общей и отрас	слевой лексики				
Э2	Macmillan Dictionary c	возможностью прослушать произношение слов					
Э3	Э3 Энциклопедия «Британника»						
Э4	4 Longman Dictionary of Contemporary English						
		6.3. Перечень программного обеспеч	ения				
6.3.1	6.3.1 1.Операционная система. RedOS 7.3						
6.3.2	6.3.2 2.Офисный пакет LiberOffice						
6.3.3	6.3.3 3.Браузеры Chrome, Firefox, Chromium						
6.3.4	6.3.4 4.Встроенные утилиты для сканирования, чтения PDF, форматирования и т.п.						

6.3.5	5.Файловый менеджер Caja, DoubleCommander
	6.4 Перечень информационных справочных систем
6.4.1	1. http://www.lingvo-online.ru (более 30 англо-русских, русско-английских и толковых словарей общей и отраслевой лексики)
6.4.2	2. http://www.macmillandictionary.com/dictionary/british/enjoy (Macmillan Dictionary с возможностью прослушать произношение слов)
6.4.3	3. http://www.britannica.com (энциклопедия "Британника")
6.4.4	4. http://www.ldoceonline.com (Longman Dictionary of Contemporary English)
6.4.5	ЭБС «Университетская библиотека ONLINE» (biblioclub.ru)
6.4.6	Электронно-библиотечная система IPR BOOKS
6.4.7	Образовательная платформа «Юрайт»: urait.ru/register
6.4.8	

-	7. МАТЕРИАЛЬНО-ТЕХНИЧЕСКОЕ ОБЕСПЕЧЕНИЕ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ (МОДУЛЯ)
7.1	Помещения для проведения всех видов работ, предусмотренных учебным планом, укомплектованы необходимой специализированной учебной мебелью и техническими средствами обучения для проведения лекций и практических занятий.
7.2	

8. МЕТОДИЧЕСКИЕ УКАЗАНИЯ ДЛЯ ОБУЧАЮЩИХСЯ ПО ОСВОЕНИЮ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ (МОДУЛЯ)

Методические указания по освоению дисциплины представлены в Приложении к рабочей программе дисциплины.

ФОНД ОЦЕНОЧНЫХ СРЕДСТВ

ОГСЭ.03 Иностранный язык в профессиональной деятельности

1. Описание показателей и критериев оценивания компетенций на различных этапах их формирования, описание шкал оценивания

1.1 Показатели и критерии оценивания компетенций:

УУД,	Показатели	Критерии оценивания	Средства
составляющиекомпетенцию	оценивания		оценивания
ОК 09 - Пользоваться проф языках	I ессиональной документаци	ей на государственном и ин	остранном
Знать:	Сформировавшиеся	Уровень знания	ПЗ 1-18
Профессиональную	систематические знания	профессиональной	
документацию на	профессиональной	документации на	
государственном и	документации на	государственном и	
иностранном языке;	государственном и	иностранном языке	
	иностранном языке		
Уметь:	Сформировавшиеся	Уровень умения	ПЗ 1-18, КР-
- использовать	систематические умения	реализовывать процессы	1-2
профессиональную	реализовывать процессы	связанные с	
документацию на	связанные с формированием		
государственном и	и хранением дел	хранением дел получателей	
иностранном языках	получателей пенсий,	пенсий, пособий,	
	пособий, компенсаций и	компенсаций и иных видов	
	иных видов социальной помощи;	социальной помощи;	
Владеть:	Сформировавшиеся	Уровень владения	ПЗ- 1-18, Т 1-
профессиональной	систематические владения		21, КР-1-2
документацией на	навыками формирования и	хранения дел получателей	
государственном и	хранения дел получателей	пенсий, пособий,	
иностранном языках	пенсий, пособий,	компенсаций и иных видов	
	компенсаций и иных видов	социально помощи;	
	социально помощи;		

 $[\]Pi 3$ – практические задания, T – тестовые задания, KP-контрольные работы.

2 Типовые контрольные задания или иные материалы, необходимые для оценки знаний, умений, навыков и (или) опыта деятельности, характеризующих этапы формирования компетенций в процессе освоения образовательной программы

Практические задания:

№ 1

- І. Поставьте предложения в вопросительную и отрицательную формы.
 - 1.EngineerOrdner invented a special counter wheel.
- 2. The second generation computers were solid-state large-powered machines.
- 3. The fifth-generation computers are expected to appear in the 21st century.
- 4. Modern television offers the viewers a lot of different programs.

- 5. Television will be digital soon in Russia.
- II. Переведите модальные глаголы в скобках.
- 1. You (можете) get a lot of useful information from the Internet.
- 1. 2. You (можете) use my computer if you like.
- 2. 3. He (пришлось) work with the new operating system.
- 3. 4. You (следует) load the program first.
- 4. 5. They (должен) go and see this new model of I-Pad.
- III. Дайте русские эквиваленты для следующих английских.
- 1. to complete
- 2. to do one's best
- 3. peripheral
- 4. compatible
- 5. wordprocessor
- IV. Переведите с русского на английский.
- 1. Где вы встречали этого выдающегося академика?
- 2. Мы будем покупать новую версию этой операционной системы.
- 3. Компьютер выводит обработанные данные на дисплей.
- 4. Они внесли значительный вклад в науку.
- 5. Известная компания выпустила новую версию программного обеспечения.

- I. Поставьте предложения в вопросительную и отрицательную формы.
- 1. DOS is the most commonly used PC operating system.
- 2. It was designed by Microsoft.
- 3. Technical problems will take time to be resolved.
 - 4. Computing engineering began the new era at the end of 1930s.
- 5. Lomonosov compiled a lot of calculating tables.
- II. Переведите модальные глаголы в скобках.
- 1. You (можете) send and receive e-mail messages over the Internet.
 - 2. You (можете) choose any service provider you like.
 - 3. They (пришлось) pay for calls across their country.
 - 4. You (следует) not watch TV all day long.
 - 5. They (должен) go and buy a new version of this program.
 - III. Дайте русские эквиваленты для следующих английских.
 - 1. to give rise
 - 2. to appear
 - 3. mainboard

4. toinclude

- 5. attractive
- IV. Переведите с русского на английский.
- 1. Кто изобрел специальное счетное колесико?
- 2. Эта операционная система совместима с ДОС.
- 3. Этот текстовый редактор будет претерпевать изменения.
- 4. Мы купили периферийное устройство вчера.
- 5. Завод увеличил выпуск компьютеров в прошлом году.

№3

- I. Дайте русские эквиваленты для следующих английских
- 1. Toretrieve
- 2. Path
- 3. Toknockout
- 4. Togo online
- 5. A headline
- II. Поставьте предложения в вопросительную и отрицательную форму.
- 1. All sorts of things are available on the WWW.
- 2. Theysharedtheinformation.
- 3. They have used this means of communication today.
- 4. She adds the story to the electronic edition of a newspaper every day.
- III. Переведите предложения на русский язык.
- 1. Each link you select represents an image, a document, a video clip.
- 2. If some computers on the network are knocked out the information will just route around them.
 - 3. You can't carry a computer as easily as you can a newspaper.
 - 4. There are more than a million news stories in our database.
 - 5. Some American banks and companies even conduct transactions over the Internet.

No4

І.Дайте русские эквиваленты для следующих английских

- 1. Hyperlink
- 2. Packetswitching
- 3. Torefine
- 4. Todisappear
- 5. Tobeavailable
- IV. Поставьте предложения в вопросительную и отрицательную форму.
- 1. Each Browser provided a graphical interface.
- 2. These items are called hyperlinks.
- 3. The most popular Internet service is e-mail.
- 4. He was searching the information the whole evening yesterday.

- V. Переведите предложения на русский язык.
- 1. You can play computer games through the WWW, competing with partners from other countries.
- 2. Online newspapers have the most up-to-date news.
- 3. Nearly all the information being sent over the Internet is transmitted without any form of encoding.
- 4. Nobody knows exactly how many people use the Internet.
- 5. The number of resources and services that are part of the WWW is growing extremely fast.

І. Найдите русские эквиваленты для следующих английских

1. Ethic 1.нацеливать

2. Confederates 2. выписыватьчеки

3. Destructive 3. союзники

4. Totrigger 4. этика

5. Toissuechecks 5. разрушительный

II. Вставьтенужныеслова:

Upgrade, punishment, password, eradicates, virus carrier

- 1. Antivirus is a computer program that stops the spread of and often... the virus.
- 2. You must continuously pay the price for...
- 3. Each newly infected disc becomes a ...
- 4. He has managed to get way without ...
- 5. Most systems use account numbers and... to restrict access to authorized users.
- III. Переведите предложения на русский язык, обращая внимание на инфинитивные конструкции Сложное подлежащее и Сложное дополнение.
- 1. A vaccine is said to stop spreading of the virus.
- 2. This man is certain to be an adept in computer field.
- 3. He knew this computer to be infected.
- 4. She seemed to mistrust this programmer.
- 5. They are likely to be hackers.
- IV. Составьтепредложения.
- 1. Inserts, instructions, a programmer, unauthorized, in PC.
- 2. On the screen, appears, message, a warning.
- 3. Another, the virus, has spread to, disc.
- 4. Computer experts, a variety, have devised, of disks.
- 5. Needs, his exploits, to continue, he elsewhere.

№ 6

- І. Найдите русские эквиваленты для следующих английских
- 1. Exhilaration 1. искоренять

- 2. Blackmail2.Телефонный мошенник
- 3. Phonefreaker3. Потерятьвседанные
- 4. Toeradicate4. оживление
- 5. To lose all the data

- 5. шантаж
- II. Вставьтенужныеслова:

Disaster, illicit, at will, counterfeit, replicating.

- 1. Worm is a program that spreads by replicating itself.
- 2. The ... instructionsliedormant.
- 3. Some viruses could result in ... for your disk.
- 4. Organized crime has used... credit cards to finance its operations.
- 5. Someone knows how to change the numbers in the files can transfer funds...
- III. Переведите предложения на русский язык, обращая внимание на инфинитивные конструкции Сложное подлежащее и Сложное дополнение.
- 1. A virus is considered to be very destructive.
- 2. The competitor turned out to be scrupulous.
- 3. We heard him release a new disk.
- 4. Business is known to be based on common sense.
- 5. Confederates are supposed to reap substantial rewards.
- IV. Составьтепредложения.
- 1. Software, is to copy, all too easy, expensive.
- 2. May, the criminal, unpunished, walk away.
- 3. Scans, for infection, the antivirus program, the diskette.
- 4. The virus, all, erasers, data files.
- 5. Virus activity, can, vaccines, prevent.

№7

- І. Найдите русские эквиваленты для следующих английских
 - 1. Feature1.предполагать
 - 2. Tablet 2.относительный
 - 3. Relational3. элемент
 - 4. Toimply4. планшет
 - item
 особенность
- II. Вставьтенужныеслова:

Touchscreens, database, aids, implies, unrestricted

- 1. ... is an electronic organization of data and information.
- 2. The DBMS is the set of programming ... providing data banks functioning.
- 3. Voice Data entry gives the system operator more mobility due to ... hand and eye use.
- 4. A database ... integration of data across the entire environment that it serves.

- 5. ... are used by simply touching the display with one's finger.
- III. Переведите предложения на русский язык, обращая внимание на употребление Причастий и Герундия.
 - 1. Mice are small handled devices with attached wire that can be moved around by an operator.
 - 2. Voice data entry devices are used to increase operator productivity in selecting menu items.
 - 3. Slippage of the contacting surfaces may result in tracking errors.
 - 4. Digitizers are used to help create a drawing using an interactive software.
 - 5. Automated drawing entry devices permit input of an entire document without manual intervention.
- 1. Найдите русские эквиваленты для следующих английских

6. Exhilaration 1.искоренять

7. blackmail 2.Телефонный мошенник

8. phone freaker 3. Потерятывседанные

9. to eradicate 4. оживление

10. To lose all the data 5. шантаж

№8

1. Вставьтенужныеслова:

Disaster, illicit, at will, counterfeit, replicating.

- 1. Worm is a program that spreads by replicating itself.
- 2.The ... instructions lie dormant.
- 3. Some viruses could result in ... for your disk.
- 4.Organized crime has used... credit cards to finance its operations.
- 5. Someone knows how to change the numbers in the files can transfer funds...
- II. Переведите предложения на русский язык, обращая внимание на инфинитивные конструкции Сложное подлежащее и Сложное дополнение.
- 1.A virus is considered to be very destructive.
- 2. The competitor turned out to be scrupulous.
- 3. We heard him release a new disk.
- 4. Business is known to be based on common sense.
- 5. Confederates are supposed to reap substantial rewards.
- III. Составьтепредложения.
- 1. Software, is to copy, all too easy, expensive.
- 2.May, the criminal, unpunished, walk away.
- 3. Scans, for infection, the antivirus program, the diskette.
- 4. The virus, all, erasers, data files.
- 5. Virus activity, can, vaccines, prevent.

1. It is a graphic language used for effective communication ... engineers. a) by b) among c) – d) between 2. They put their copybooks in a ... bag. a) two b) biggest c) large d) plastic's 3. This room isn't so ... as that one on the first floor. a) comfortable b) more bigger c) much big d) more comfortable 4. Electricity is a form of energy ... the flow of electrons. a) involve b) involved c) to involved d) involving 5 Ann's father is proudher achievements a) at b) about c) of d) in 6. The Spartans lived in that part of southern Greece called Laconia,....they? a) could b) didn't c) don't d) aren't 7. That book was ... by John in 1985. a) write b) writing c) wrote d) written 8. The materials collected by the expedition are of great ... interest. a) Scientific b) science c) Scientia's d) scientist 9. I do not think your work ... so difficult. a) Isn't b) was c) will d) could 10. The men went up another eight or nine hundred feet and ... out of the trees on to an open place. a) come b) came c) coming d) – 11.He is crazy..... a) about b) on c) at d) of 12. He ... ill last month a) is b) will be c) was d) has been 13. She said that her father ... an engineer. a) have been b) will be c) is d) was 14. You should stop a) being smoke b) smoking c) smoke d) have smoke 15. He doesn't mind Sports but he prefers to take part a) watch b) watching c) watched d)watched 16. The book has ... into English as well as into several other languages. a) be translated b) -c) been translating d) been translated 17. As long as you are here, let's ... the plan. a) discuss b) to discuss c) discussing d) discussion

18. I asked him ... come.

(a) - b) for c) before d) to

19. The expedition is expected ... next month.

- a) will return b) to return c(c) d(c) returning
- 20. ... is useful.
- a) read b) reading c) reads d) to read
- 21. We hope him ... in time.
- a) is b) to come c) coming d) was
- 22. The water ... to be boiling.
- a) must b) makes c) seems d) report
- 23. The story made me.......
- a) cry b) to cry c) to be cried d) crying
- 24. I am not keen onnovels
- a) read b) reading c) reads d) having read
- 25. I speak French
- a) small b) a little c) a few

Выберитеправильныйответ.

- 1.We are ... to buy that car next week.
- a) think b) going c) run d) went
- 2. He always ... the train to work.
- a) puts b) takes c) getting d) having
- 3. My bag is not so ... as that one.
- a) nice b) more bigger c) much biggest d) nicer
- 4. The play ... at 8:00.
- a) is start b) starting c) starts d) start
- 5. He is ... really hard these days.
- a) working b) work c) works d) -
- 6. She is happy because she has been ... to her CD all day.
- a) b) listened c) listening d) listen
- 7. Mark ... lived here for two years.
- a) having b) have c) has d) -
- 8. The materials can be ... to the lab, cannot they?
- a) sent b) c) sending d) sented
- 9. They expect ... to be here.
- a) us b) his c) mine d) their
- 10. I was kind of you ... me your laptop.
- a) lend b) to lend c) lending d) for lend
- 11.Ito work very hard.
- a) used b) use c) am used d) was used

- 12. I prefer vegetables ... meat. a) to b) between c) from d) of 13. Maybe I'll ... the car later. a) bought b) buy c) throwing d) breaking
- 14. Hea salesman for 2 years
- a) work b) works c) has worked d) is working
- 15. She said "I'll call you ... I finish work.
- a) so b) when c) during d) after
- 16. We think you ... a famous engineer.
- a) become b) will become c) was d) -
- 17. It was the ... question of all having here.
- a) most difficult b) much difficult c) difficulty d) more difficult
- 18. The weather is getting warmer and
- a) warm b) well c) warmest d) warmer
- 19. She.....to the gym seven times this week
- a) was b) is c) have been d) has been
- 20. I'd ratherto the concert than stay at home
- a) go b) to go c) going d) goes
- 21. You ... be more careful.
- a) can b) ought to c) shall d) may
- 22. We often ... to different countries when we were students.
- a) have travelled b) travel c) have travelling d) travelled
- 23. Mary was writing the letter ... we were playing the piano.
- a) so b) if c) that d) while
- 24. The tiger is ... wild animal.
- a) the b) one c) a d) -
- 25. We believe herin time
- a) to come b) coming c) come d) comes

.**№11**

- 1. Healready ... the rule.
- a. learns b. learned c. has learned
- 2. The rain ... half an hour ago.
- a. has stopped b. stops c. stopped
- 3. When ... you see Mary? I ... see her next week.
- a. will b. would c. shall
- 4. By 8 o'clock yesterday I ... my homework.
- a. was doing b. have done c. had done

- 5. When I ... Tom, he ... an ice cream.
- a. meet, was eating b. met, was eating c. met ate
- 6. ... you ... this work by next Sunday?
- a. will ... have done b. shall ... do c. will do
- 7. Where is Boris? He ... chess with his friend.
- a. plays b. is playing c. was playing
- 8. ... Kate ... well?
- a. do ... sing b. does ... sing c. is ... singing
- 9. His father ... watching TV at the moment.
- a. was not watching b. is not watching c. doesn't watch
- 10. ... you ... supper at 9 o'clock yesterday?
- a. Were ... having b. Did ... have c. have had
- 11. He ... you for ages!
- a. hasn't seen b. haven't seen c. didn't see
- 12. When ... the boss come tomorrow?
- a. shall b. will c. does
- 13. When I ... home, Kate ... the piano
- a. come; was playing b. came; was playing c. comes; is playing
- 14. Take your raincoat with you: it ... rain today
- a. may b. can c. must
- 15. My friend asked me who ... the piano in the sitting room.
- a. played b. plays c. was playing
- 16. Granny likes ... to sing songs.
- a. him b. his c. he
- 17. A hare ... known to run very fast.
- a. is b. are c. were
- 18. The coat ... last year is too small for me.
- a. buying b. buy c. bought
- 19. The girl ... the book on the shelf is the new librarian.
- a. put b. putting c. having put
- 20. I'm really looking forward to ... to New York.
- a. go b. gone c. going
- 21. I knew my friend ... never ... to Washington.
- a. had been b. has been c. have been

- 1. I ... to bed early yesterday.
- a. was going b. were going c. went

- 2. They ... at the station 2 hours ago.
- a. met b. meet c. will meet
- 3. When the teacher ... the door of the classroom, the pupils ... at their desks.
- a. opened; was sitting b. opened; were sitting c. opens; were sitting
- 4. He ... just the window.
- a. has opened b. have opened c. had opened
- 5. What ... you prepare for breakfast tomorrow?
- a. will b. shall c. did
- 6. She always ... to the Altai Mountains to visit her relatives there.
- a. go b. goes c. will go
- 7. I ... a suit now.
- a. is wearing b. was wearing c. am wearing
- 8. By 9 o'clock yesterday grand mother ... the dishes.
- a. had washed b. has washed c. will wash
- 9. I ... my homework by 10 o'clock tomorrow.
- a. will do b. will be going c. will have done
- 10. ... you ever ... to Moscow?
- a. have ... been b. has ... been c. do ... been
- 11. What ... your brother ... now?
- a. was ... doing b. am ... doing c. is ... doing
- 12. When ... you usually ... dinner?
- a. do ... have b. did ... have c. does ... have
- 13. My friend ... me up at 8 o'clock yesterday.
- a. is ringing b. was ringing c. were ringing
- 14. Must we hand in our compositions tomorrow? No, you ... not you may hand them in after Sunday.
- a. should b. need c. must
- 15. I was sure he ... the letter.
- a. posted b. posts c. had posted
- 16. I expect ... to send a letter.
- a. them b. they c. their
- 17. Many new textbooks ... expected to be published soon.
- a. was b. are c. is
- 18. Who is that boy ... his homework at that table.
- a. do b. doing c. done
- 19. This is a house ... many years ago.
- a. built b. building c. build
- 20. Jane Eyre was fond of ...

a. reader b. reading c. read
21. I thought that I my work at that time.
a. shall finish b. will finish c. should finish
№ 13
PresentSimple
1. Выберите правильный вспомогательный глагол:
penguins live in the Arctic or the Antarctic?
a)Do
b)Does
c)was
d)were
2. Выберите правильный вспомогательный глагол:
Where Susanne live?
a)Was
b)Were
c)Do
d)Does
3. Выберите правильный вспомогательный глагол:
she have a car?
a)Was
b)Were
c)Do
d)Does
4. Выберите правильный вспомогательный глагол:
What youusuallyeatforbreakfast?
a)Do
b)Does
c)Was
d)Were
5. Выберите правильный вспомогательный глагол:
we have to go to the party?
a)Was
b)Were
c)Do
d)Does
6. Выберите правильный вспомогательный глагол:
Peter live in London?
a)Do
b)Does
c) were

d) was
7. Выберите правильный вспомогательный глагол:
itrainalotinVienna?
a)Do
b)Does
c)Was
d)Were
8. Выберите правильный вспомогательный глагол:
all parrots talk?
a)Do
b)Does
c)Was
d)Were9. Выберите правильный вспомогательный глагол:
Mary have a bicycle?
a)Was
b)Were
c)Do
d)Does
10. Выберите правильный вспомогательный глагол:
Whattime thefilmstart?
a)Do
b)Does
c)Was
d) Were
PastSimple
11. Укажите правильное время:
When I first to England in 1938, I thought I knew English fairly well.
a)came
b)had come
c)was coming
d)hadbeencoming
12. Укажите правильное время:
We TV for ten minutes when the electricity went off.
a)watched
b)were watching
c)had watched
d)hadbeenwatching
13. Укажите правильное время:
Suddenly they heard a strange noise and at each other in horror.

a)looked
b)were looking
c)had looked
d)hadbeenlooking
14. Укажите правильное время:
It wasn't raining when I left my office in the evening, but the ground was wet. It all day.
a)had been raining
b)rained
c)was raining
d)hadrained
15. Укажите правильное время:
I saw Paul at the airport. He for his brother's plane to arrive from Canada.
a)had been waiting
b)was waiting
c)waited
d)hadwaited
16. Укажите правильное время:
I had a cup of tea for breakfast because I of coffee.
a)had run out
b)ran out
c)was running out
d)had bee running out
17. Укажитеправильноевремя:
When Mary came back, she looked very red from the sun. She in the sun too long.
a)had been lying
b)was lying
c)had lain
d)lay
<i>N</i> ≥14
1. Выберитеправильныйвариант:
I come if I had had time.
a)have
b)had
c)would have
d)did
2. Выберите правильный вариант:
This time tomorrow you sitting in a deck chair on the beach.
a)are

b)were

c)will
d)willbe
3. Выберите правильный вариант:
Before you telephoned, I watching television
a)was
b)will be
c)am
d)have
4. Выберите правильный вариант:
Sometimes I wonder if I ever succeed.
a)do
b)shall
c)am
d)were
5. Выберите правильный вариант:
After the storm finished, many people were found lying in the street.
a)has
b)had
c)were
d)did
6. Выберите правильный вариант:
Tomorrow we taking the day off.
a)will
b)have
c)were
d)are
7.Выберитеправильныйвариант
Where did you for your holiday in the end?
a)went
b)gone
c)go
d)going
8.Выберите нужный вариант:
Ah there you! I wondered where you were.
a)be
b)were
c)are
d)havebeen
9. Выберите нужный вариант:
She said she'd help him if she

a)could
b)can
c)can not
d)havebeenable
10. Выберитенужный вариант:
He told them he starting work the next day.
a)will be
b)will have been
c)would be
d)would have been
11. Выберитенужныйвариант:
He refused to go until he seen all the paintings.
a)had
b)was
c)is
d)has
12.Выберите правильный вариант:
I am so angry with them. I kill them!
a) can
b)must
c)could
d)should
13. Выберите правильный вариант:
The phone is ringing. It be Jack.
a)must
b)can
c)would
d)could
14. Выберите правильный вариант:
Hello, I speak to Tom, please?
a) shall
b) will
c) can
d)would
15.Выберите верный модальный глагол:
Sue be able to help them.
a) might
b) could
c) should
d)shall

1.Прочитайте текст, выполните задания

I woke up late yesterday. I only got up at a quarter to eight and I haven't got enough time to do my morning exercises or take a shower. I washed my face and hands and dressed quickly. I had a light meal and gave my son some money for his school lunch. "Can I have some money for an ice-cream, too, Daddy" he asked. "Don't ask silly questions", I said angrily. "Why did I say that?" I thought as I drove to the office, I went through the red light, and a policeman stopped and fined me. I was five minutes late to work and met my chief at the door. He saw me butdidn't talk to me. I didn't have much to do, but I was very tired in the afternoon. When I got home I spoke angrily to my wife and son. I had supper, watched afootball match on the telly and went to bed.

- II. Choose the correct title for the text.
- 1. The Best Day in my life b) A bad day c) A bad Chief
 - d) Some Money for an Ice-cream
 - III. Put the sentences into the correct order.
 - a) The chief met me at the door.
 - b) My son asked some money for an ice-cream.
 - c) I got up late yesterday.
 - d) I watched TV after supper.
 - e) I was fined by the policeman.
 - IV. Choose the correct variant to complete the sentences.
 - 1) The text tells about
 - a) a bad father b) a brave policeman c) an angry chief d) an unlucky day
 - 2) The man in the story told about
 - a) a bad dream b) his great talents c) a day in his life d) his son and chief
 - 3) The day was not good that's why....
 - a) he broke his leg b) fell ill c) his chief punished him d) at home he was not kind to his wife and son
 - 4) The man drove to his office....
 - a) five minutes earlier b) just in time c) at the wrong time d) and was stopped by his chief

№16

І.Прочитайтетекст, выполнитезадания

TheKingandthePainter

Once there was a king, who liked to paint pictures, but his pictures were bad and nobody liked them. The people to whom the king showed his pictures were afraid of him and they said that the pictures were good. One day the king showed his pictures to a great painter who lived in that country and said, "What do you think of my pictures? Am I a good painter or not?" The painter looked at the king's picture and said, "My king, the pictures are bad and you will never be a good painter." The king was very angry and sent the painter to prison. After two years the king wanted to see the painter again. When the painter came the king gave him a good dinner and said, "Now you are a freeman and I am your friend." So he talked kindly to the painter. After dinner the king showed his pictures to the painter again and asked, "Well, how do you like them now?" The painter did not answer. He turned to the soldiers and said, "Take me back to prison!"

- II. Choose the correct answer to the questions.
- 1) What did the king like to do?
- a) To do morning exercises. b) To write short stories. c) To paint pictures. d) To buy pictures.
- 2) Who said the pictures were good?
- a) The people who were afraid of the king. b) The people who liked the pictures.
- c) The great painter. d) The soldiers.
- 3) Whom did the king show his pictures one day?
- a) To the soldiers. b) To a great painter. c) To his servants. d) To the prisoners.
- 4) Why did the painter ask to send him back to prison?
- a) Because the king gave him a good dinner. b) Because he liked the pictures. c) Because the truth was more important to him than freedom. d) Because he wanted to paint pictures there.

- III. Mark the following statements "True" (T) or "False" (F).
- 1.Once there was a king, who was a great painter.
- 2. The people were afraid of the president
- 3. The painter spent two years in the prison
- 4. The king was a kind man.
- IV. Match the words with their descriptions. There is one variant you don't need to use.

A king	a)	A person who was not afraid of the king.
A painter	b)	A place where the painter spent two years.
A soldier	c)	A person who was a bad painter.
A servant	d)	A person whom the painter asked to take him back to prison
A prison		r

I. Прочитайте текст, выполните задания

Programming Languages

A programming language is an artificial language invented to communicate instructions, or commands, to a computer. In order to distinguish the spectrum of programming languages, we divide them according to the convenience of the machine computing or the work of a programmer. Mnemonic language, mnemonic machinelanguage and assembly language are best for machines, whereas such languages as FORTRAN, ALGOL, BASIC, PASCAL, etc. are best for programmers.

Sometimes the term *machine language* is used to denote computer instructions written in a machine code. This machine code can be immediately obeyed by a computer without translation. It is the coding system adopted in the design of a computer to represent the set of its instructions. The actual machine language is generated by the software, not by the programmer.

A mnemonic language deals with symbolic names for each instruction's part. That is easier for the programmer to remember than the numeric code for the machine. These alphanumeric names usually begin with a letter and refer to fields, files and subroutines in a program.

An assembly language is mnemonic, its addresses are symbolic, and introduction of data to a program as well as reading of the program is much easier. All these three types of programming languages are the so-called low level languages because they have a single corresponding machine equivalent.

High level programming languages, on the contrary, use the instruction corresponding to several machine code instructions. Such languages as FORTRAN,

ALGOL, BASIC, PASCAl, etc. are oriented to the problem, while low level languages are oriented to the computer's machine code.

The programming languages are also divided into three basic categories according to their similarity to English: *machine languages*, *symbolic languages* and *automatic coding languages*. Comparing the convenience of the languages for the computer and the programmer usages, we can say that the machine languages are used by the computer directly, while symbolic and automatic coding languages are more similar to English, so they are more convenient for the use of the programmer.

convenience [kən'vi:njəns] — удобство mnemonic [ni(:)'mɔnik] — мнемонический assembly [ə'sembli] — ассемблированный alphanumeric ['ælfənju:'merik] — буквенно-цифровой subroutine ['sʌbru:'ti:n] — подпрограмма equivalent [i'kwivələnt]— эквивалент similarity [ˌsimi'læriti] — сходство automatic [ˌɔ:tə'mætic] — автоматический

- II. Choose the variant that suits best.
- 1. A programming language is a language
- a) a language generated by a programmer
- b) spoken by the programmers
- c) specially designed to communicate instructions to a computer
- 2. A mnemonic machine language uses:
- a) the numeric code
- b) symbols, such as letters and numbers
- c) symbolic addresses
- 3. An assembly language has the following advantages for the programmer's use:
- a) it is a low level language
- b) the processes of reading and introduction of data are made easier
- c) it uses numeric names
- 4. According to the article,
- a) high level programming languages use the instruction corresponding toseveral machine code instructions
- b) such high level programming languages as FORTRAN, ALGOL,
- BASIC, PASCAL, etc. are oriented to the computer's machine code
- c) low level languages have several corresponding machine equivalents
- 5. Symbolic and automatic coding languages are more convenient for
- a) the computer
- b) the programmer usages
- c) English speaking users
- 6. The machine code, or auto code can be ... by a computer without translation.
- a) stored
- b) immediately obeyed
- c) sequentially retained
- III.Complete the following sentences with one of the words given below.
- (a) recognition (b) simplicity (c) originally (d) convenient (e) advantages –
- (f) problems (g) descendent (h) reasonable (i) variety
- 1. An indirect address allows great ... (1) ... in programming.
- 2. The PASCAL programming language was ... (2) ... developed by Niklaus Emil Wirth.
- 3. Symbolic and automatic coding languages are more similar to English, so they are more ... (3) ... for the use of the programmer.
- 4. ALGOL was developed as an international language which gained more ... (4) ... in Europe than in the United States.
- 5. The ... (5) ... of using GLOBOL are that it is simple in learning, programs can be quickly written and tested.
- 6. The idea of an automatic computer that would not only add, multiply, subtract, and divide but perform the sequence of ... (6) ... operations was given by the English scientist Charles Babbage
- 7. PASCAL is noted for its ... (7) ... and structured programming design.
- 8. ADA is a PASCAL-based language designed for both commercial and scientific ... (8)....

9. PASCAL, which was named after the mathematician Blaise Pascal, is a direct ... (9) ... from ALGOL60, which Wirth helped to develop.

IV.Match the most frequently used computer terms with their definitions

- 1. resampling
- 2. chip, chip set
- 3. rendering
- 4. remake
- 5. site
- 6. swap
- 7. scanner
- 8 server
- а) новое, переделанное из старого
- b) подкачивать
- с) компьютер, управляющий сетью
- d) место; совокупность веб-страниц
- е) растеризация; отрисовка
- f) считыватель
- g) процедура изменения размера изображения в пикселях
- h) микросхема

№18

Употребите инфинитив с частицей to или без частицы to

- 1. You ought... (make) more of an effort at school.
- 2. You are not allowed ... (walk) on the grass here.
- 3. I can hardly... (wait)... (see) you!
- 4. There's no need... (rush) just take your time.
- 5. It's difficult... (read) English books in the original.
- 6. The soup is too hot... (eat). You'd better... (cool) it a bit.
- 7. It's nearly 8. You are going ... (miss) your lesson.
- 8. I must... (return) the book to the library as soon as I have read it.
- 9. You'd better (stop)... quarrelling now.
- 10. It's kind of you ... (help) us.
- 11. You have ... (be) a pretty good cook ... (get) a job as a chef.
- 12. Why not ... (join) them? We could ... (have) a lot of fun there.
- 13. I have never heard him... (say) anything of the kind.
- 14. Are you strong enough... (lift) that box?
- 15. She is thoughtful enough ... (send) us a greetings card.
- 16. I'd like you ... (think) it over first.
- 17. It usually takes me an hour... (write) an essay.
- 18. Let me... (close) the door, shall I?
- 19. They can't afford... (buy) a car.
- 20. I'd rather... (let) the children... (decide) for themselves.
- 21. They can hardly make both ends ... (meet).
- 22. I showed them how... (use) the computer.
- 23. 1. They suggested ______ by bus instead of by plane. (TRAVEL)
- 24. 2. It seems difficult ______ everything about this topic. (KNOW)

25.	3. We were all looking forward	the New Year in New York. (CELEBRATE)
26.	4. We are planning	to Europe this summer. (GO)
27.	5. It was very difficult for him to	to quit (SMOKE)
28.	6. She tried to avoid	unnecessary mistakes. (MAKE)
29.	7. I let him	to his friend's house after he had done his homework. (GO)
30.	8. Can you imagine	the painting before the Christmas holidays? (FINISH)
31.	9. We are used	up early in the morning. (GET)
32.	10. The suspect denied	said that in public. (HAVE)

Критерии оценивания:

За каждое практическое задание обучающийся может получить максимально 5 баллов.

- **5 баллов** выставляется, если задания выполнены самостоятельно, в полном объеме, найдена, обобщена и систематизирована необходимая информация,
- **4 балла** выставляется студенту, если задания выполнены самостоятельно, в полном объеме, однако допущены незначительные ошибки, исправленные при указании на них
- **3 балла** выставляется студенту, если задания выполнены самостоятельно, в полном объеме, однако допущены ошибки, исправленные с затруднением при указании на них
- 2 балла выставляется студенту, если вопросы задания не раскрыты, обнаруживается существенное непонимание предмета курса; не показывает способности применять знания при решении задания.

Тестовыезадания:

№ 1

Education in Great Britain: Higher Education

There is a considerable choice of post-school education in Britain. In addition to universities, there are also polytechnics and a series of different types of assisted colleges, such as colleges of technology, art, etc, which tend to provide more work-orientated courses than universities. Some of these courses are part-time, with the students being released by their employers for one day a week or longer periods.

Virtually all students on full-time courses receive grants or loans from the Government which cover their tuition fees and everyday expenses (accommodation, food, books, etc). Universities in Britain enjoy complete academic freedom, choosing their own staff and deciding which students to admit, what and how to teach, and which degrees to award (first degrees are called Bachelor degrees). They are mainly government-funded, except for the totally independent University of Buckingham.

There is no automatic admission to university, as there are only a limited number of places (around 100,000) available each year. Candidates are accepted on the basis of their A-level results. Virtually all degree courses are full-time and most last three years (medical and veterinary courses last five or six years).

Students who obtain their Bachelor degree (graduates) can apply to take a further degree course, usually involving a mixture of exam courses and research. There are two different types of post-graduate courses — the master's degree (MA or MSc), which takes one or two years, and the higher degree of Doctor of Philosophy (PhD), which takes two or three years.

Questions

- 1. What is a choice of post-school education in Britain?
- 2. What do all students on full-time courses receive?
- 3. How are first degrees called?
- 4. Is there any automatic admission to university?
- 5. What are two different types of post-graduate courses?
- A. Complete the sentences with the correct form of a verb:

1. The theory of law on the theory of natural law of 16th century.
A. is based
B. based
C. are based
2. Many laws and legal principles that originated eight centuries ago in England and Wales.
A. is retaining
B. has retained
C. have been retained
3. All evidence by the investigator now.
A. is being examined
B. examined
C. is examining
4. He to 18 month in prison for careless driving.
A. are sentenced
B. sentenced
C. was sentenced
5. The civil law the law of contract and family law.
A. includes
B. is included
C. include
6. A statement in Parliament tomorrow.
A. will has been made
B. is being made
C. will be made
7. Human beings always together under rules of one kind
or another.
A. have lived
B. were living
C. live
B. Complete the questions using the correct verb:
8 laws we have in force at any particular time reflect our thoughts as people centuries ago?
A. Are
B. Do
C. Does
9. Why any existing society need law?
A. Do
·
A. Do B. Does C. Is
A. Do B. Does
A. Do B. Does C. Is 10. The rules are usually influenced by nature, customs, secular believes,? A. do they?
A. Do B. Does C. Is 10. The rules are usually influenced by nature, customs, secular believes,? A. do they? B. are they?
A. Do B. Does C. Is 10. The rules are usually influenced by nature, customs, secular believes,? A. do they? B. are they? C. aren't they?
A. Do B. Does C. Is 10. The rules are usually influenced by nature, customs, secular believes,? A. do they? B. are they?
A. Do B. Does C. Is 10. The rules are usually influenced by nature, customs, secular believes,? A. do they? B. are they? C. aren't they?
A. Do B. Does C. Is 10. The rules are usually influenced by nature, customs, secular believes,? A. do they? B. are they? C. aren't they? 11. Laws haven't changed since primeval times,?
A. Do B. Does C. Is 10. The rules are usually influenced by nature, customs, secular believes,? A. do they? B. are they? C. aren't they? 11. Laws haven't changed since primeval times,? A. hasn't they?
A. Do B. Does C. Is 10. The rules are usually influenced by nature, customs, secular believes,? A. do they? B. are they? C. aren't they? 11. Laws haven't changed since primeval times,? A. hasn't they? B. have they? C. didthey?
A. Do B. Does C. Is 10. The rules are usually influenced by nature, customs, secular believes,? A. do they? B. are they? C. aren't they? 11. Laws haven't changed since primeval times,? A. hasn't they? B. have they? C. didthey? N≥2
A. Do B. Does C. Is 10. The rules are usually influenced by nature, customs, secular believes,? A. do they? B. are they? C. aren't they? 11. Laws haven't changed since primeval times,? A. hasn't they? B. have they? C. didthey? I Выберите подходящее по смыслу слово.
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a) biggest city b) gateway c) capital5. The heart of the city is Manhattan	
 a) island b) town c) building 6. The total of Great Britain is about 120 000 square miles. a) population b) land c) area 7. London is situated on the Thames. a) lake b) river c) island 8. The Parliament of the UK is composed of 2 	
a) bodies b) Houses c) branches9. In order to become a law all bills and resolutions must be signed by the in the USA	٨.
a) Congress b) Senate c) President	
10. The Congress is the highest body in the USA.	
a) legislative b) executive c) judicial	
11. There are 26 in the US Constitution.	
a) advertisements b) amendments c) rules	
12. The head of each state is	
a) the President b) a judge c)a governor	
13. The US President must be at least years old.	
a) 35 b) 40 c) 45	
14. All laws in the UK are made	
a) in the Cabinet b) by the Queen c) in Parliament15. Most of the criminal and civil cases are tried by courts in the USA.	
a) region b) district c) state II Прочитайте текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буке строк, обозначенных номерами 1-10 так, чтобы они грамматически соотве содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. OnceanEnglishmanwenttoJapan. He 1 a Japanese servant who 2 very polite. The Englishman wanted to get up early one morning and asked 3 servant to wake	
him up at six o'clock. At 6 o'clock the servant 4 into the room very quietly. When he saw that the Englishman 5, SLEEP	COME
he 6 a piece of paper and wrote some words on it.	
TAKE Then he quietly 7 the room. LEAVE The Englishman 8 up at eleven o'clock, jumped out of WAKE bed, looked at his watch and then 9 the piece of paperSEE on the table. It said, "Dear Sir, it 10 six o'clock now. BE Pleasegetup." III Поставьте вместо точек слова в скобках в нужную форму. 1. There—four hoeks in the bog (ba)	
 There four books in the bag. (be) Therea flower in the vase.(be) 	
3. Therea pen, a book, a computer on the desk.(be)4. I don't see there.(something/anything/nothing)	
T. I don't see mere (something anything houning)	

5. Is there at home?(somebody/anybody/nobody) 6. Are there ... new students in your group?(some/any/no) 7. I ... a book yesterday at 3 o'clock.(read) 8. They... in the park now.(walk) 9. I ...my lessons at 7 o'clock tomorrow.(do) 10. I ... already... the flowers.(water) 11. When father returned from work, we already (do) our homework. 12. By the end of the next week she ...all her exams.(pass) 13. The book "The War and Peace"... by Leo Tolstoy. (write) 14. Russia ... by seas and oceans. (wash) 15. The fist Russian University ... in 1755. (found) **№**3 I Выберите подходящее по смыслу слово. 1. There are three.... in Oxford academic year. a) colleges b) terms c) faculties 2. At London policeman is called ... a) Harry b) Robby c) Bobby 3. The British islands are formed of Great Britain, ... and a number of small islands situated to the west of the European continent. a) Northern Ireland b) England c) Ireland 4. Washington D.C. is the ... of the United States of America. a) biggest city b) gateway c) capital 5. The heart of the city is Manhattan a) island b) town c) building 6. The total area of the USA is about square kilometers. a) 15 million b) 9.4 million c) 5.5 million 7. The biggest river in the USA is.... a) the Missouri b) the Mississippi c) the Colorado 8. The UK is a Parliamentary ... a) republic b) democracy c) monarchy 9. The Congress is the highest ... body in the USA. a) legislative b) executive c) judicial 10. There are 7.... in the US Constitution. a) articles b) amendments c) rules 11. The head of each state is ... a) the President b) a judge c)a governor 12. The Queen's residence is...... a) number 10 Downing Street b) Buckingham Palace c) Parliament 13. The population of the UK is about million people. a) 60 b) 25 c) 120 14. The Londoners call the underground..... a) subway b) the tunnel c) the tube 15. The US President is elected for a term of..... years. a) 2 b) 6 c) 4 ІІ Прочитайте текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 1-10 так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполнитепропускиполученнымисловами. I remember my 1 _____ day of school in detail. It was a nice ONE bright September morning when 2_____ I mum 3_____ me to a large school ground. BRING There were lots of kids and parents there.

At first I felt uneasy as I 4any of them. NOT KNOW	
"Look around", my mum said.	
"There are so many 5here. CHILD	
Don't be afraid. I'm sure you will make friends with them very soon".	
Almost every child had a bouquet of flowers and I felt very proud because	
my bouquet was the 6	
GOOD	
Some men and women in the centre of the playground were telling	
us about 7school years.	
THEY	
A dark-haired woman with a microphone looked very familiar.	
But I 8 remember where and when I saw her.	CANNOT
	CANNOI
9 I found out that she was a TV presenter for an	
LATE	EDUCATION
10 programme for young children and a graduate	EDUCATION
ofourschool.	
III Поставьте вместо точек слова в скобках в нужную форму.	
1. There a pen, two books and a pencil in the bag.(be)	
2. There four books in the bag(be)	
3. There a flower in the vase(is/are)	
4. She all her exams by the end of the next week. (pass)	
5. By the time I came home my familyalready dinner. (finish)	
6. Weour lunch yet. (not eat)	
7. They a test now. (write)	
8. Idinner when you called (cook)	
9. Imy lessons at 5 o'clock tomorrow. (do)	
10. There are pictures in the book. (some/any/no)	
11. I didn't buy bananas yesterday. (some/any/no)	
12. Can you tell me about this town?(something/anything/nothing)	
13. The book "The War and Peace" by Leo Tolstoy. (write)	
14. Russia by seas and oceans. (wash)	
15. The first Russian University in 1755. (found)	
<u>№</u> 4	
1. Вставьте слово по смыслу. Переведитепредложения.	
1. Millions ofwatch sports events on TV.	
a) listeners	
b) viewers	
c) readers	
d) teachers	
2. News and current programs make up an important section of programming.	
a) kinds	
b) shows	
c) sports	
d) affairs	
a) ullulio	
3. The Olympic Games were in 1896.	
a) begun	
b) stopped	
c) renewed	
d) replaced	
4. When the warlike Spartans began to, they changed the program of Games.	
a) salute	
, and the second	
b) support	
c) compete d) agree	
U) ALICE	

- 5. There are schools of ... education, where the pupils study Russian, Literature, Mathematics, History, and Biology.
- a) vocational
- b) foreign
- c) general
- d) higher
- 6. In Great Britain secondary education begins at
- a) four
- b) seven
- c) eleven
- d) sixteen
- 2. Поставьте some, any or no- + -body/ -thing/ -where ипереведитепредложения.
- 1. All the hotels were full. There was ... to stay.
- 2. It is dark. I can't see ...
- 3. She said ... but I didn't understand it.
- 4. Has ... found my blue pencil? No? I am sorry.
- 5. Look! ... is coming to us.
- 3. Выберите союз и раскройте скобки.
- 1. I (wait) for you if/until you (come) back from school.
- 2. When/ before Andrew (become) rich, he (buy) a Mercedes.
- 3. She (give) you the book after/till she (read) it.
- 4. When/until you (start) regular training, you (win) the match.
- 4. Выберитеправильнуюформуглагола
- 1. Australia ... by Captain Cook in 18 century.
- a) discovered b) was discovered c) had been discovered d) has discovered
- 2. This software ... now.
- a) installing b) is being installed c) is installed d) install
- 3.He ...to the theatre yesterday.
- a) has gone b) was going c) went d) had gone
- 4.Ice-cream usually ... from milk.
- a) made b) is made c) makes d) will be made
- 5. Сопоставьте.
- 1. to attend
- 2. final score
- 3. arena
- 4. degree
- 5. satellite
- 6. penalty
- 7. tutorial
- a) a step or stage in a process, course, or order of classification
- b) a machine that has been sent into space and goes around the Earth, used for radio, television
- c) a class conducted by a teacher for one student or a small number of students
- d) a punishment imposed on a player or team for breaking the rules of a sport
- e) the score at the end of a game
- f) to come and to be present at
- g) a level area for holding sports events, surrounded by seats for spectators

Выберите только один правильный ответ из предложенных:

- 1.Ann ... good in Physics.
- a) am b) is c) are
- 2. Alex and his wife ... from Montana.

a) are b) is c) am
	. I sleepy, because it is too late.
) is b) am c) are
	. It very hot today.
) am b) are c) is
	The door in my room is, than in your room.
) the largest b) larger c) large
	Jane is the student in our group.
) best b) better c) good
	The weather in London is as as in Paris.
) worse b) the worst c) bad
	s. I prefer semolina porridge breakfast.
	on b) at c) for
	This blouse is made silk.
) with b) of c) in
	0. My friend is fond music.
	of b) on c) by
	1 Sundays we go to the cinema.
) in b) on c) at
	2. Выберите правильный вариант перевода «Мне хочется фруктов»
) I like some fruit b) I want some fruit c) I'd like some fruit
	3. Выберите правильный вариант перевода «Мне требуется 10 минут чтобы добраться до
	ШКОЛЫ»
) It takes me 10 minutes to get to school. b) It takes to me 10 minutes to get to school
) It takes from me 10 minutes to get to school
	5. Выберите правильный вариант перевода «Он никогда не летает самолётом»
) He never goes in the plane b) He never goes by plane c) He never goes to plane
	6. Выберите правильный вариант перевода «Ей 17 лет»
) She have sixteen old years b) She is in sixteen c) She is sixteen years old
	7. I can see three in the photo.
). woman b). women c). womans
	8 are sitting on the pond
) goose b) gooses c) geese
	9. These are very expensive
) shoes b) shoeses c) shoe
	0. What is the name of the British national flag?
) the Union Jack b) the United Jack c) the Union John
	1. London is located on the river
) Avon b) Thames c) Serpentine
	2. Great Britain is
	A) constitutional monarchy b) republic c) federal republic
	3. Britain's national drink is
) coffee b) coca-cola c) tea
	4. The main sightseeing of London is Big Ben, it is a
) museum b) clock c) monument
	5. The main political parties of Great Britain are
) Democratic and Socialist b) Conservative and Labour c)Conservative and Democratic
	6.The British Parliament consist of
	A) the House of Lords and the House of Commons
	the Congress and the House of Representatives
c)the Senate and the House of Commons
d) the house of Lords and the Royal Court
2	7. Who is the head of state in the United Kingdom?
a) President b)theQeen c) the Prime Minister d)Lord Chancellor
2	8. The official residence of Queen Elizabeth II is
a) Albert Hall b)Tower c) Buckingham Palace d)Royal Park
	9. The wax models of famous people are exhibited at

a) Big Ben b) Covent Garden c)the National Gallery d)Madame Tussaud"s 30. A world famous grammar school, founded in 1440 is_ a)Trinity College b)Eton c)Cambridge d) King"s College Соотнесите: 31. The parts of the UK and their capitals 1) England a) Cardiff 2) Scotland b) London 3) Wales c) Belfast 4) Northern Ireland d) Edinburgh 32. The holiday and its symbol: 1) Christmas a) pancakes 2) Easter b) a pumpkin c) stockings at the fireplace 3) Pancake Day d) a rabbit 4) Halloween 33. The place and a kind of sports: 1) Wimbledon a) horse-racing 2) Wembley b) lawn tennis c) association football 3) Derby 34. The place and the sight of it: 1) Cambridge a) ravens 2) Ben Nevis b) Queen's residence 3) Buckingham Palace c) The highest mountain 4) Tower d) Colleges and universities 35.Соотнесите: 1. Wales a) It has a warm, wet climate, green brilliant grass. Much of the land is farming country. It is separated from Great Britain by the Irish Sea. 2. Northern Ireland b) It is a land of mountains, lakes and romantic castles. Most farmers keep sheep. Deer live in the forests here. c) It has pretty valleys. But it has plenty of industry too, with many 3. England factories and coal mines. The people of this part are very musical. d) Some areas of it are very crowded, especially the southeast of it. 4. Scotland Fishing is an important industry in the northeast of it. The most important river flows here. 36. The parts of the UK and their national symbols 1) England a) a thistle 2) Scotland b) a shamrock 3) Wales c) a red rose 4) NorthernIreland d) adaffodil **№**6 Выберите только один правильный ответ из предложенных: 1.I... good in Maths. a) am b) is c) are 2. Rob and his family ... from London. a) are b) is c) am 3. She ... sleepy, because it is too late. a) is b) am c) are 4. It ... very hot today. a) am b) are c) is 5. The shelf in my room is ..., than in your room. a) the largest b) larger c) large 6. Denis is the ... student in our group. a) best b) better c) good

7. The weather in Kirov is as ... as in Chicago

a) worse b) the worst c) bad 8. I prefer beefsteak ... dinner

- a) on b) at c) for 9. This skirt is made ... silk. a) with b) of c) in 10. My brother is fond ... music. a) of b) on c) by 11. ... Sundays we go to the ZOO a) in b) on c) at 12. Выберите правильный вариант перевода «Мне хочется фруктов» a) I like some fruit b) I want some fruit c) I'd like some fruit 13. Выберите правильный вариант перевода «Мне требуется 15 минут чтобы добраться до колледжа» a) It takes me 15 minutes to get to College. b) It takes to me 15 minutes to get to College c) It takes from me 15 minutes to get to College 14. Выберите правильный вариант перевода «Он никогда не ездит поездом» b) He never goes by train a) He never goes in the train c) He never goes in train 15. Выберите правильный вариант перевода «Ей 16 лет» a) She have sixteen old years b) She is in sixteen c) She is sixteen years old 16. I can see three ... in the photo. a). man b). men c). mans 17. ... are sitting on the lake a) goose b) gooses c) geese 18. These ... are very cheap a) shoes b) shoeses c) shoe 19. What is the name of the American national flag? b) the United Stars a) the Stars and Stripes c) the Union Stripes 20. Washington is located on the river a) Avon b) Potomac c) Melburn 21. USA is... c) federal republic A) constitutional monarchy b) republic 22. American's national drink is... . a) coffee b) coca-cola c) tea 23. The main American symbols of Freedom is a... a) The American flag b) The Bald Eagle c) The statue of Liberty 24. The main political parties of USA are... a) Democratic and Republican b) Conservative and Labour c)Conservative and Democratic 25. The American Parliament is a_ a) the House of Lords and the House of Commons b) the Congress c)the Senate and the House of Commons d) the house of Lords and the Royal Court 26. Who is the head of state in the USA? a) President b).the Queen c) the Prime Minister d) Lord Chancellor 27. The official residence of the President is c) Capitol b) the White House d) Royal Park a) Albert Hall 28. What American's place of interest is known to many children in the world? a) White House b) Museum of Jefferson c) Disneyland d) Madame Tussaud"s 29. What is America's national sport? a) football b)golf c)baseball d) chess 30. Соотнесите: a) One of the US Presidents, from a very poor family, was a lawyer,
 - fought against slavery, is a symbol of American democracy.
 - b) One of the US Presidents, took part in many battles, fought for the independence of the country, during his ruling the US Constitution was written.
 - c) He made 4 voyages to North America, discovered one of the Bahamas Islands, discovered a new continent, and died ignorant of the greatness of his discovery.
 - d) He made several voyages to South America, wrote a description of what he had seen, proved the existence of the new continent.

1) A. Vespucci	
2) C. Columbus	
3) A. Lincoln	
4) G. Washington	
31. The nickname of State:	
1.Florida a)"The Prairie State"	
2. Vermont	b)"The Sunshine State
3. Illinois	c) "The Evergreen State"
4. Washington	d) "The Green Mountain State"
32. The building and the sight of it:	
1. The White House is	a) the highest skyscraper
2) The Capitol is	b) the President's residence
3.The Supreme Court is	c)) the home of the US Congress
4. The Empire State Building	d) the home of the Supreme Court
33. The place and the sight of it:	
1. Broadway is	a) a centre of New York
2. Harvard is	b) a capital of USA
3.Manhatten is	c) a symbol of American theatre
4. Washington is 34. The famous people:	d) a famous university
1. Martin Luther King was	a) a famous American singer
2. Elvis Priestly	b) a famous boxer
3. Jack London	c) a famous American fighter for civil rights
4. Mohamed Ali	d) a famous American writer
35. The holiday and its symbol:	,
1) Easter	a) a turkey
2) Thanksgiving Day	b) a pumpkin
3) .Halloween	c) a rabbit
	№7
Выберите только один правильных	
1. What is the name of the British nati	<u> </u>
a) the Union Jackb) the United2. London is located on the river	Jack c) the Union John
) Serpentine
a) Avonb) Thamesc3. Great Britain is) Serpentine
a) constitutional monarchy b) republi	c c) federal republic
4. Britain's national drink is	c c) redoral republic
a) coffee b) coca-cola c) tea	
5. The British Parliament consist of_	
a) the House of Lords and the House	of Commonsb) the Congress and the House of Representatives
c)the Senate and the House of Comm	onsd) the house of Lords and the Royal Court
6. Who is the head of state in the Uni	
a) President b)the Queen/ King c) t	
7. A world famous grammar school, f	
a)Trinity College b)Eton c)Cambr	
8. The parts of the UK and their capit	als a) Cardiff
 England Scotland 	b) London
3) Wales	c) Belfast
-,	-,

4) Northern Ireland	d) Edinburgh
9. The holiday and its symbol:	
1) Christmas	a) pancakes
2) Easter	b) a pumpkin
3) Pancake Day	c) stockings at the fireplace
4) Halloween	d) a rabbit
10. The place and a kind of sports:	
1) Wimbledon	a) horse-racing
2) Wembley	b) lawn tennis
3) Derby	c) association football
11. The place and the sight of it:	
1) Cambridge	a) ravens
2) Ben Nevis	b) Queen's residence
3) Buckingham Palace	c) The highest mountain
4) Tower	d) Colleges and universities
12. The parts of the UK and their national	,
1) England	a) a thistle
2) Scotland	b) a shamrock
3) Wales	c) a red rose
4) Northern Ireland	d) a daffodil
Types of questions	a) a danodn
13 is it from here to St. Petersburg?	
a) How far	
,	
b) How long	
14 would you like to drink?	
a) Which	
b) What	
15 of brothers Grimm was the eldest?	
a) Who b) What c) Which	.0
16. It's so cold today put on your warm	coat?
a) Why you haven't	
b) Why haven't you	
17. Dad hasn't read the newspaper yet,	?
a), hasn't he?	
b), has he?	
c), did he?	
18 is Pam's sister? - She's a secretary	at our college.
a) What	
b) Who	
c) Where	
19 will it take me to learn French?- I	think you'll be able to speak in another few months.
a) How much	-
b) How long	
c) What	
20. He can play golf well,?	
a), doesn't he?	
b), can he?	
c), can't he?	
Future actions	
21. If he (not/be) busy tomorrow morning	he probably (give) you a lift.
a) isn't busy, will probably give	, no producty (gree) you a near
b) won't be, will probably give	
c) won't be, probably gives	
22. Call for an ambulance if he (feel) wo	rse
a) will feel	150.
b) feels	
c) feel	

- 23.Mrs.Clay (go) shopping today if she (finish) her work earlier than usual. a) goes, will finish
- b) will go, will finish
- c) will go, finishes
- 24. Watch the football match on TV at 11 p.m. if you (stay) at home tonight.
- a) will stay
- b) stay
- c) would slay
- 25. I'm tired, but if you (make) me strong coffee, I (go on) working.
- a) will make, go on
- b) will make, will go on
- c) make, will go on

Perfect Tenses

- 26. My parents (be) to the USA many times.
- a) have been
- b) had been
- c) will have been
- d) is being
- 27. Julia (finish) all the housework by three o'clock and we'll go for a walk.
- a) will finish
- b) will have finished
- c) have finished
- d) had finished
- 28. Aunt Polly punished Tom Sawyer because he (be) naughty.
- a) has been
- b) had been
- c) will have been
- d) finishes
- 29. Why are you looking so unhappy? I (lose) my purse.
- a) have lost b) had lost c) will have lost d) lost
- 30. We are going to buy a car. By the end of next month our family (save) money for it.
- a) will save b) will have saved c) have saved d) had saved

Complex object

- 31. Teddy's words made me (feel) uncomfortable.
- a) to feel
- b) feeling
- c) feel
- 32. Mrs. Pottson allowed her guests (smoke) in the living-room.
- a) to smoke
- b) smoking
- c) smoke
- 33. Her father made her (learn) the lessons.
- a) learn
- b) to learn
- c) learning
- 34. If you want us (make 4. I watched my cat (play) with her kittens. I couldn't tear myself away from that funny sight. 'a) played
- b) playing
- c) to play
- 35. Granny didn't want my Mom (marry) my Dad.
- a) marry
- b) to marry
- c) married

Conditional sentences

- 36. Plants die if you (not / water) them.
- a) won't water

c) wouldn't water	
37. If I had one million dollars, I (probably / buy) a yacht.	
a) would probably buy	
b) will probably buy	
c) probably bought 28. How did it begreat that you missed you stop? I (not / miss) it if the conductor (appeared)	tha
38 How did it happen that you missed you stop? - I (not / miss) it if the conductor (announce) stops.	ше
a) wouldn't miss a) had announced	
b) hadn't missed b) would have announced	
c) wouldn't have missed c) announced	
39. What a pity my husband is away! If he (be) here, he (help) us.	
a) were a) will help	
b) would be here b) would help	
c) is c) helps	
40. If I (get up) early tomorrow morning, I (go) jogging.	
a) will get up a) go	
b) get up b) am going to g	
c) got up c) will go	
41. You look tired. If I (be) you, I (take) a holiday. a) be a) will take	
b) were b) would take	
c) have been c) take	
42. If Benjamin Franklin (not / work) so hard, he (not / become) the symbol of America.	
a) didn't work a) wouldn't have become	
b) wouldn't have worked b) hadn't become	
c) hadn't worked c) wouldn't become	
№ 8	
Выберите только один правильный ответ из предложенных:	
1. What is the name of the American national flag?	
1. What is the name of the American national flag?a) the Stars and Stripesb) the United Starsc) the Union Stripes	
 What is the name of the American national flag? the Stars and Stripes Washington is located on the river 	
 What is the name of the American national flag? a) the Stars and Stripes b) the United Stars c) the Union Stripes Washington is located on the river a) Avon b) Potomac c) Melburn 	
 What is the name of the American national flag? a) the Stars and Stripes b) the United Stars c) the Union Stripes Washington is located on the river a) Avon b) Potomac c) Melburn USA is 	
 What is the name of the American national flag? a) the Stars and Stripes b) the United Stars c) the Union Stripes Washington is located on the river a) Avon b) Potomac c) Melburn USA is a) constitutional monarchy b) republic c) federal republic 	
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- 12. Tell me something about Fred's wife. ...? - Oh, she's about 25, she's pretty and friendly. a) What is she? b) What does she like? c) What is she like? d) Who is she? 13. Mr. Evans is speaking over the phone, ...? a) ..., is he? b) ..., isn't he? c) ..., doesn't you? 14. You like black coffee, ...? a) ..., aren't you? b) ..., don't you? c) ..., do you? 15. does it cost to stay at the Hilton Hotel? a) How many b) How much c) What 16. You can have a photo. ... one would you like? a) What b) Which 17. You aren't well enough. You should stay with either me or your son, ...? a) ..., should you? b) ..., shouldn't you? c) ..., are you? 18. There isn't a cloud in the sky, ...? a) ..., is it? b) ..., does it? c) ..., is there? Future actions 19. I can give Bob the message if I (see) him. a) will see b) see 20. If I (hear) any news, I (phone) you. a) will hear, will phone b) will hear, phone c) hear, will phone 21. If the weather (be) fine tomorrow, we are going to have a picnic. a) is b) will be
- 22. Hurry up! If you (catch) a taxi, you (meet) Mary at the station.
- a) catch, will meet
- b) will catch, meet
- c) will catch, will meet
- 23. When I (arrive) in Manchester next week, I (phone) you.
- a) will arrive, will phone
- b) will arrive, phone
- c) arrive, will phone

Perfect Tenses

- 24. Tell Tommy about these wonderful islands. He (never / hear) about them.
- a) has never heard
- b) had never heard
- c) will never have heard
- d) heard
- 25. The workers say that they (build up) a district by the beginning of 2000.
- a) will have built up
- b) will build up

c) have built up
d) had built up
26. A mother asked the children if they (buy) some biscuits for tea.
a) has bought
b) had bought
c) bought
d) will have bought
27. I (leave) some photos to be developed. Are they ready?
a) have left
b) had left
c) will have left
d) leave
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
28. She (have lunch) by the time we arrive.
a) will have had
b) will have
c) have had
d) had had
Complex object
29. Our English teacher told us (not / feel) shy and speak English as much as possible.
a) not to feel
b) not
c) felt
30. I have to get my photograph (take) for a new passport.
a) took
b) take
c) taken
31. There wasn't much traffic in the street. I saw a little girl (cross) the road.
a) crossed
b) cross
c) to cross
32. I have never heard Helen (sing).
a) sang
b) sings
c) singing
33. Mary would like her brother (avoid) Tom's company.
a) to avoid
b) avoid
c) avoided
Conditional sentences
34 Did you say anything when he asked you? -No, I didn't. You see, if I (say) even a word, he (fly)
into a rage.
a) said a) flew
b) would said b) would have flown
c) had said c) had flown
35. Would it be all right if I (come) round at about six?
a) come
b) came
c) will come
36. If you (not / be) at a loose end last month, you (pass) your exam. But you failed it.
a) hadn't been a) would have passed
b) wouldn't have been b) would pass
c) were not c) will pass
37. If the water (be heated) to 100° C, it (boil).
a) will be heated a) would boil
b) would be heated b) boils
c) is heated c) boil
,
38. If pigs (have) wings, they (fly).

a) had	a) will fly	
b) have	b) fly	
c) would have	c) would fly	
39.I (do) the same if I (be) in your shoes.	
a) would do	a) am	
b) will do	b) were	
c) would have done	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
=	to her. But I didn't see her and speak to her.	
a) saw	a) would have spoken	
b) had seen	b) spoke	
c) would have see	•	
a) don't get'	get) good seats if we (arrive) late. a) arrived	
b) won't get	b) will arrive	
c) didn'tget c) arrive	o) will diffic	
e) didn't get e) diffve	NC 0	
1 Change the night angre	№9	
 Choose the right answ We when someon 		
1. WC WHEH SOMEO	e knocked at the door.	
A) were talked B) were tal	king C) talked D) had talked	
·	rge before he received his mechanic's license.	
=	as repaired C) had repaired D) repaired	
3. Right now, Sarah	the letter.	
A) remites D) is remiting C)	a haina wwitten D) wwite	
A) writes B) is writing C) 4. The work by 5:00 F		
4. The work by 3.00 f	witomorrow.	
A) is finished B) will finis	n C) was finished D) will be finished	
5. If I were you, I that		
•		
•	C) wouldn't buy D) not buy	
6. If he time, he wou	d come and help.	
A \ 1 D \ 11 C \1-1 1-	D):!11 h	
A) has B) had C) would ha	ve D) will have von't be able to play tennis.	
7. If it on Sunday, 1	on the able to play tennis.	
A) rain B) will rain C) rain	ed D) rains	
8. If it hadn't been raining		
<i></i>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
A) will go B) would go C)	would have gone D) go	
9. If I hard, I would have	ve passed the exam.	
A) had studied B) have stu		
10 she me if I need he	<u>=</u>	
A) do help B) does help C	will help <i>D)</i> would help	
2. Find the right definition	n.	
1. resume		
2. career		
3. supervisory		
4. applicant		
a) a person who requests of		c ·
_	you have been trained for and intend to do for your working lift	ıe
	something is done properly and according to all the rules 's skills and employment record	
a, a orier summary or on	5 5Km5 and employment record	

3. Change the sentences into Passive voice.1. They have recently built a huge plant in our town.
2. He will introduce me to his friends.
3. The workers can finish the building of the house very soon.
4. They are selling delicious fruit ice cream there now.
5. The boys broke the window last week. 4. Unite the items of the resume with the answers. (2 points) 1. Salary History 2. Education 3. Marital Status 4. Interpersonal Qualities a) Single b) Energetic, honest, intelligent c) \$ 700 per month including lunch d) Moscow State University(Master of economics) 5. Find definitions to the words. 1. salary 2. dismiss 3. eliminate 4. fertilizer 5. disastrous a) a chemical substance that is spread on land or soil to make plants grow better b) to remove someone from the job, usually because they have done something wrong c) a form of periodic payment from an employer to an employee
d) very bad, causing a lot of damage or harm
e) to get rid of something unnecessary or unwanted 6. Put the words into the sentences 1. If the is three hundred seventy five and the is fifteen the will be twenty five. 2. Four in the second equals sixteen. 3. If the first is five and the second is thirty eight the will be forty three. 4. The first is seven and the second is nine the is sixty three
№10
Выберитеправильныйвариантответа. 1. It's important for each student to get experience of work
A) practical B) general C) theoretical D) complete2. She was so that she lost all her money at the casino.
A) lucky B) unlucky C) luck D) lucidly 3. I saw a ticket on the floor next to a couple of tourists and asked them if it was
A) her B) their C) theirs D) them

A) practical B) general C) theoretical D) complete 2. She was so that she lost all her money at the casino.
A) lucky B) unlucky C) luck D) lucidly 3. I saw a ticket on the floor next to a couple of tourists and asked them if it was
A) her B) their C) theirs D) them 4. I am sorry I'm late. I got here as as I could.
A) the fastest B) fast C) faster D) fastly 5. The comes every morning in our country.
A) postman B) postmans C) postmen D) postmens 6. I can't get through to
A) Johnsons B) a Johnsons C) the Johnsons D) an Johnsons 7. You were rude him for no reason.

A) to B) with C) at D) on 8. I'll never forgive you you tell this to anybody.
A) if B) unless C) since D) because 9. We when someone knocked at the door.
A) were talked B) were talking C) talked D) had talked 10. Before anything you should ask the price.
A) buying B) to buy C)having bought D) having been bought 11. We fastened our seatbelts and soon the plane took
A) over B) off C) up D) out 12. I bought everything we need yesterday so I go shopping today.
A) ought not to B) shouldn't C) don't have to D) mustn't 13. Выберите реплику, наиболее соответствующую ситуации общения. Теаcher (colleague): «I have some problems with the Internet. Will you e-mail my article to the editor? » Teacher (colleague): «
A) feet B) meters C) leagues D) inches 17. Расположите части делового письма в правильном порядке. A) Yours sincerely,
B) Mahoney and Milliman, Inc 151 Benson Street Bronx, NY 10465 C) Dear Sir or Madam, D) 2 May 2008 E) RBM Manufacturing Company, Inc 421 Ninth Avenue New York, NY 10055 F) We intend to purchase a new office copier before the end of the fiscal year. We would like to consider and RBM copier and wonder if you have a model that would suit our needs.
G) William Wilson Office manager
№11
 Выберите в скобках правильную степень прилагательного: Nick is (happier, the happiest) boy that I know. Of the six cars, I like the silver one (better, best). Jane's notebook is (cheaper, the cheapest) than mine. This is (more delicious, the most delicious) cheese-cake I have ever had! This bookcase is (more beautiful, the most beautiful) than that one. Do you feel (better, the best) today than yesterday? I think my set is (prettier the prettiest) of all the cets in the world.
7. I think my cat is (prettier, the prettiest) of all the cats in the world

1. What's name? — Jim Sanders. 2. What's ... name? — Jane Smith. 3. What are ... names? — Jack and Tom. 4. What's ... name? — My name is Mary. 5. What is the dog's name? —

II. Вставьте вместо точек пропущенные местоимения.

-name is Black. 6. What are your names?names are Dick and John.
- III. Заполните пропуски притяжательными местоимениями.
- 1. This is Mrs Simpson. And this isdaughter.
- 2. This is Mr White. And this is ... wife.
- 3. My name is Ann. And these are.... parents.
- 4. These are Tom and Jack. And these are sisters.
- 5. This is my dog. And this is bone.
- 6. These are cats. And these are ... kittens.
- 7. This is Mary And this is.... doll.
- 8. We are sisters. This is mother.

IV. Переведите предложения.

- 1. Рядом с отелем есть чистый пляж.
- 2. На диване три кошки.
- 3. В холодильнике есть бутылка молока.
- 4. В корзине нет клубники.
- 5. На автобусной остановке есть люди?
- 6. В твоей сумке есть зеркало?
- 7. В этом парке нет туалета.
- 8. В нашем саду много цветов.
- 9. Под столом зеленый мяч.
- 10. За дверью никого нет.
- V.Задайте к предложениям вопросы, начиная с предлагаемых слов.
- 1. There are four elephants in the zoo. (How many ...?)
- 2. There is a lot of snow in February. (Is ...?)
- 3. There is some fish on the plate. (What ...?)
- 4. There are no cars in the car park. (Are ...?)
- 5. There are ancient walls around the city. (What ...?)
- VI. Переведите пословицы и поговорки.
- 1. There is no place like home.
- 2. Where there is love there is life.
- 3. There is no bad weather, there are bad clothes.
- 4. There are plenty of other fish in the sea.
- 5. There are two sides to every question

№12

- 1.Подчеркнитеправильновыбранноевремя.
- 1. I am writing in connection with the advertisement which appeared / has appeared on 12 April.
- 2. I originally studied/ have studied chemistry at university. I graduated / have been graduating with a first-class degree.
- 3. I now completed / have now completed a postgraduate degree in administration.
- 4. I've been trying / I've tried to find a permanent job for a considerable time.
- 5. Indeed, I have already worked /I have already been working for several companies on a temporary basis.
- 6. In my first job, I was / have been responsible for marketing,
- 7. I've been applying / have applied for several posts this year but I did not manage / have not managed to find what I'm looking for.
- 8. The last job I applied / have applied for required applicants to speak some Japanese,
- 9. I started learning / have been learning Spanish a few months ago I did not obtain / have not obtained a qualification in it yet.
- 10. I did not apply / have not applied for a job with your company before.
- 11. I hoped / have hoped that you would consider my application favourably.
- 12. However, I have been waiting/ have waited for a reply for weeks and I still have not received / did not receive any answer.
- II. Внесите изменения в предложения, используя местоимения данные в скобках.
- 1. I have a dog in my house. (She)
- 2. I wash my hands and face in the morning. (He)

3. I go to the cinema with my friends. (They)4. I play football with my brother. (He)
5. I do my homework in the evening. (We)
6. I help my mother. (They)
7. I clean my room every weekend. (You)
8. I drink my milk in the morning. (The cat)
9. I often write letters to my granny. (You)
10. I have my breakfast at seven thirty. (She)
III. Раскройтескобкиупотребляяглаголы в Future Continuous, Present Continuous, Future
Simple илипоставьтеконструкцию to be going + to inf.
1. At 5 o'clock tomorrow he (work).
2. He can't come at noon tomorrow because he (give) a lesson at that time.
3. She (read) an interesting book the whole evening tomorrow.
4. At 10 o'clock tomorrow morning he (talk) to his friend.
5. You will recognize her when you see her. She (wear) a yellow hat.6. He (have a party) on Saturday 4th December in London at 10 pm.
7. In the next days you (visit) famous sights.
8. Jeanne and Paul (move) to London next month.
9. Leave the washing upI (do) it later.
10. This time tomorrow I (lie) on the beach.
11. Look out! You (spill) your tea!
IV. Раскройтескобки, употребляяглаголы в Present Perfect, Past Simple или Present Perfect
Continuous.
1. Today is Thursday, and John (be) late twice this week; he (be) late yesterday
and on Monday.
2. I first (meet) George a month ago, and I (meet) him several times since then.
3. It is October now, and we (do) a lot of work this year; we (do) a lot last year
too.
4. She (buy) a coat last winter, but she (not / buy) a new dress since 2008.
5. It's only the middle of the month, and he (spend) (already) most of his salary; he
(spend) \$60 yesterday,
6. I (break) my leg in 1991, but I (break) (never) my arm.
7. He's over sixty, and he's still working. He (work) hard all his life. When he
(be) a young man, he sometimes (work) all night.
8. The postman (come) at eight yesterday, but it's now half past eight and he
(not / come) yet.
9. Today is May 25th. Ted (not / be) absent this month.
10. He (feel) extremely ill when he went to hospital, but he (feel) much better
since he came out of hospital a month ago
№13
1. Продолжите предложения в косвенной речи, соблюдая правила согласования
времен.
H-p: He said, "I work in New York." (Он сказал: «Я работаю в Нью-Йорке.») – Hesaidthat
he (He said that he worked in New York. – Онсказал, чтоработаетв Нью-Йорке.)
1. She said, "I speak French." – She said that she
2. She said, "I am speaking French."
3. She said, "I have spoken French."
4. She said, "I spoke French."
5. She said, "I am going to speak French."
6. She said, "I will speak French."
7. She said, "I can speak French."
8. She said, "I may speak French."
9. She said, "I have to speak French."
10. She said, "I must speak French."

II. Complete this text about someone's journey to work. Write ONE word in each gap. The
first one has been done for you.
I live in a small village near Bath, in the west of England, but I work 180 kilometres away in London. I
usually go to work1train. I2 up at 6.15 every morning, get dressed and
3 a quick cup of coffee, and at 6.45 I get in the car and4 to Bath station. The train
5 Bath at 7.15, and it6 at Paddington Station in London just after 8.30. Then I
7 the underground to Piccadilly Circus, and I usually get8 the office at about
9.15, so the whole journey9 about two and a half hours.
And it's the same in the evening. I usually get10 at about 8.00. It's quite expensive, too: a
return ticket11 about £75.
III. Choose the best answer, A, B, C or D. The first one is an example.
0 I feel very well yesterday.
A am not B don't C didn't D wasn'tC
1 My cousin his leg last Saturday.
A break B breaks C broke D broken
2 I'd like a new for my bedroom floor.
A curtain B cushion C poster D rug
3 Joe and I are vegetarians of us eats meat.
A Both B Neither C One D Other
4 Do you want a single or aroom?
A double B return C two D second
5 I've been here for a week. I came here
A before a week B after a week C a week later D a week ago
6 My father loves his old car it for 20 years!
A He has B He had C He's had D He's got
7 There's sugar in this coffee. Could I have some more, please?
A too much B too many C enough D not enough
8 Where last weekend?
A you went B did you went C you go D did you go
9 I'd like to on this jacket, please.
A try B fit C suit D wear
10 Our new house south.
A looks B views C faces D heads
A looks b views C faces b ficads
IV. Choose the best answer, A, B, C or D. The first one is an example.
O You'll go on a long and you'll meet a tall stranger.
A travel B transport C journey D moveC
1 There were only four horses in the, but my horse didn't come first!
A game B match C race D play
2 If hard, you'll pass your exams.
A you work B you'll work C you don't work D you won't work
3 Harper's is expensive shop in town.
A most B the most C more D the more
4 My brother is older than me.
A much B many C more D most
5 I'm not very good playing the piano.
A in B at C on D for
6 You drink too much coffee before you go to bed.
A should B should to C shouldn't D shouldn't to
7 I don't mind working hours.
A long B large C big D grand
8 Take an umbrella. It
A might rain B might rains C might to rain D might raining

9 We didn't go last weekend. We stayed at home.

A something B anything C somewhere D anywhere 10 'Have you closed all the windows?' 'Yes,	
№14	
I. Choose the right variant 1. George is than Nick.	
a) tall b) taller c) tallest	
2. What time Calais tomorrow afternoon?	
a) do the ferry reach b) is the ferry reaching c) does the ferry reach	
3. My friend lives in Australia is a nurse.	
a) who b) which c) whose	
4. I like walking in the park hot days.	
a) at b) on c) in	
5. Centuries ago, people animals for food.	
a) transported b) played c) hunted	
6 If he the lottery, he'll go on a round-the-world trip.	
a) won b) wins c) will win	
7. John has to get early in the morning.	
a) on b) up c) down	
8. The door was locked so I go inside.	
a) will be able to b) wasn't able to c) can	
9. She often to music when she does the housework.	
a) listens b) listening c) to listen	
10. We at the sports centre every Wednesday afternoon.	
a) are usually meeting b) usually meet c) have usually met	
11. That's the man son is a famous actor.	
a) who b) where c) whose	
12 is a dairy product.	
a) Cheese b) Meat c) Rice	
13. Greg down, opened the book and began to read.	
a) was sitting b) sat c) has been sitting	
14. Levi Strauss was the man invented blue jeans.	
a) who b) whose c) which	
15. You have been to Spain,?	
a) have you b) you have c) haven't you	
16. If you study hard, you your exams this time.	
a) passes b) pass c) will pass	

- 17. This is the park I take my dog every afternoon. a) what b) where c) which 18. do you like playing during long winter evenings? a) What b) Which c) Why 19. Use this bowl. It's than the other one. a) big b) bigger c) biggest 20. They to Disneyland last week. a) went b) had gone c) will go I. 1. We started early in ... morning. A - B a C the 2. Can you play ... piano? A a B - C the 3. My favourite subject at school is ... History. A the B a C -4. Would you like to be ... doctor? A a B an C the 5. Who are you waiting ...? A to B for C from 6. Do you really believe ... ghosts? A on B for C in 7. You will not need to worry accommodation or food.
 - A at B on C in

A for B about C in

9. We generally ... quite early during the week.

8. Focus the big picture and not the details.

A eat B are eating C eating

10. –Where is Dickie? - He ... in the garden.

A plays B is playing C will play

11. It ... outside; 1 do not like to walk in such weather.

A rains B is raining C is rain

12. My colleagues usually ... four days a week, and this week they ... five days.

A work, work B are working, are working C work, are working

13. Ferdinand (just) ... to Santa Monica.

A return B has returned C had returned

14. He looks angry. He ... his wallet.

A lost B has lost C has been loosing

15. Why are you late? I ... here four two hours.

A have been waiting B waited C will have been waiting

16. This time next week, I ... on the beach.

A be lying B am lying C will be lying

17. A. Christie ... detective stories.

A has written B had written C wrote

18. When I saw Mary last Sunday he was tired, he ... a party the night before.

A had been to B was to C has been to

19. "What are you doing next Friday?" – "I ... to Moscow, I have my ticket."

A flies B fly C am flying

20. Flowers die if you ... water them.

A wouldn't B doesn't C don't

21. If I ... a million dollars, I would buy a house.

A had B would have C will have

22. Daniel is ... than Christie.

A older B elder C more older 23. Ann enjoys to classical music. A listen B listening C to listen 24. Would you mind the door? A to close B close C closing 25. I hope see you again very soon. A to see B seeing C see 26. They've decided shopping. A to go B going C go 27. You have been here an hour ago. But you didn't show up. A should B could C would 28. When he was 6, he swim very well. A might B could C can 29. This is the girl parents I know. A who B which C whose 30. The chair, is in my room, is very old. A who B which C whose 31. Two ago, Rome ruled the Mediterranean. A years B centuries C millennia 32. Meat and vegetables are into pieces using different methods. A made B cut C formed 33. Sunday shopping has become very A numerous B normal C popular 34. Peter is very, so if he says he will help you, he will. A bossy B boastful C reliable 35. If I had more in class, I'd have got better marks in the test. A tried B did C concentrated 36. It's bad for your eyes to at a computer screen all day. A stare B watch C browse 37. We're all looking to seeing you again soon. A ahead B around C forward 38. The doctor told him to give smoking.
A in B away C up 39. He went to the airport to see them A of B off C out
40. My new car has broken A up B down C on
№ 15
Choose the right variant 1. Teddy's words made me (feel) uncomfortable. a) to feel b) feeling c) feel 2. Mrs. Pottson allowed her guests (smoke) in the living-room. a) to smoke b) smoking c) smoke 3. Has the secretary come yet? I want to have my papers (type). a) to type b) type c) typed 4. I watched my cat (play) with her kittens. I couldn't tear myself away from that funny sight. a) played b) playing c) to play 5. Granny didn't want my Mom (marry) my Dad. a) marry b) to marry c) married 6. Our English teacher told us (not / feel) shy and speak English as much as possible. a) not to feel b) not c) felt 7. I have to get my photograph (take) for a new passport. a) took b) take c) taken 8. There wasn't much traffic in the street. I saw a little girl (cross) the road.

a) crossed b) cross c) to cross
9. I have never heard Helen (sing).
a) sang b) sings c) singing
10. Mary would like her brother (avoid) Tom's company.
a) to avoid b) avoid c) avoided
11. We expected the Harrisons (arrive) later than usual.
a) to arrive b) arrive c) arrived
12. What makes you (do) such rash actions?
a) do b) to do c) doing
13. He made me (do) it all over again.
a) to do b) do c) doing
14. Her father made her (learn) the lessons.
a) learn b) to learn c) learning
15. If you want us (make) the work quickly you should let us (start) at once.
a) make, to start b) to make, start c) making, starting
16. Would you like me (read) now?
a) to read b) read c) reading
17. They won't let us (leave) the classroom till our control work has been checked.
a) to leave b) leave c) leaving
18. He wouldn't let the children (play) in his study.
a) play b) to play c) playing
19. Please let me (know) the results of your exam as soon as possible.
a) to know b) know c) knowing
a) to mio w
20. He made us (wait) for two hours.
a) to wait b) wait c) waiting
21. We saw them (jump) with parachutes.
a) to jump b) jump c) jumping
22. I'd like him (enter) the university but I can't make him (do) it.
a) to enter, do b) enter, to do c) making, doing
23. I heard him (play) the piano in the house.
a) to play b) play c) playing
24. Nobody noticed him (come in) and (sit) down.
a) to come in, to sit b)come, sit c) coming, sitting
25. She heard somebody (walk) up to her door.
a) to walk b) walk c) walking
26. I felt Nick (put) his hand on my shoulder.
a) put b) to put c) putting
27. I heard him (tell) the teacher about it.
a) to tell b) tell c) telling
28. We expect our basketball team (win) next game.
a) won b) to win c) win
a) won b) to win c) win
29. The teacher advised us (use) dictionaries.
a) used b) use c) to use
30. Her father doesn't allow her (go) to the cinema alone.
a) to go b) go c) going
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
№16
I. Дайте русские эквиваленты для следующих английских
т. данто русские экономиситы для сподующих англических

6. Hyperlink

- 7. Packet switching
- 8. To refine

- 9. To disappear
- 10. To be available
- 11. To retrieve
- 12. Path
- 13. To knock out
- 14. To go online
- 15. A headline
- II. Поставьте предложения в вопросительную и отрицательную форму.
- 5. Each Browser provided a graphical interface.
- 6. These items are called hyperlinks.
- 7. The most popular Internet service is e-mail.
- 8. He was searching the information the whole evening yesterday.
- 9. All sorts of things are available on the WWW.
- 10. They shared the information.
- 11. They have used this means of communication today.
- 12. She adds the story to the electronic edition of a newspaper every day.
- III. Переведите предложения на русский язык.
- 6. You can play computer games through the WWW, competing with partners from other countries.
- 7. Online newspapers have the most up-to-date news.
- 8. Nearly all the information being sent over the Internet is transmitted without any form of encoding.
- 9. Nobody knows exactly how many people use the Internet.
- 10. The number of resources and services that are part of the WWW is growing extremely fast.
- 11. Each link you select represents an image, a document, a video clip.
- 12. If some computers on the network are knocked out the information will just route around them.
- 13. You can't carry a computer as easily as you can a newspaper.
- 14. There are more than a million news stories in our database.
- 15. Some American banks and companies even conduct transactions over the Internet.

IV. Вставьтенужныеслова:

Upgrade, punishment, password, eradicates, virus carrier, disaster, illicit, at will, counterfeit, replicating.

- 6. Antivirus is a computer program that stops the spread of and often... the virus.
- 7. You must continuously pay the price for...
- 8. Each newly infected disc becomes a ...
- 9. He has managed to get way without ...
- 10. Most systems use account numbers and... to restrict access to authorized users.
- 11. Worm is a program that spreads by itself.

- 12. The ... instructions lie dormant.
- 13. Some viruses could result in ... for your disk.
- 14. Organized crime has used... credit cards to finance its operations.
- 15. Someone knows how to change the numbers in the files can transfer funds...
- V. Составьтепредложения.
- 6. Inserts, instructions, a programmer, unauthorized, in PC.
- 7. On the screen, appears, message, a warning.
- 8. Another, the virus, has spread to, disc.
- 9. Computer experts, a variety, have devised, of disks.
- 10. Needs, his exploits, to continue, he elsewhere.
- 11. Software, is to copy, all too easy, expensive.
- 12. May, the criminal, unpunished, walk away.
- 13. Scans, for infection, the antivirus program, the diskette.
- 14. The virus, all, erasers, data files.
- 15. Virus activity, can, vaccines, prevent.

№17

Choose the right variant

- 1.... 1957, Russia announced the launching of a sputnik.
- a) In October 4th
- b) On October 4th
- c) On 4th October
- 2. Yuri Gagarin was ... first man in space.
- a) a
- b) the
- c) —
- 3. My friend Jack lives ... 55, Main Street ... Apartment 20. a) in; in
- b) at; in
- c) on; at
- 4. He likes reading books by American authors of... century.
- a) nineteen
- b) the 19th century
- c) the nineteen
- 5. There are more than three ... year-files of magazines and newspapers in the reading-room. a) hundred
- b) hundreds
- c) hundred of
- 6. ... people watched the Olympic Games on television. a) millions
- b) Millions of
- c) Million
- 7. Are all the students here? Two-thirds of the group ... absent. a) are
- b) is
- 8. Helen felt tired; three miles ... too far to walk.
- a) was
- b) had
- c) were
- 9. Twenty dollars ... too much for such a trifle.
- a) is
- b) are

- 10. The friends were just in time to catch ... train.
- a) 4 o'clock
- b) the four o'clock's
- c) the four o'clock
- 11. At the end of the contest, twenty-one ... got prizes.
- a) boy and girl
- b) boys and girls
- c) boy and girls
- 12. After lunch you phoned someone.
- a) Who rang you?
- b) Who did you ring?
- 13. The policeman is interviewing the robber.
- a) Who is interviewing the robber?
- b) Who is the robber interviewing?
- 14.... is it from here to St. Petersburg?
- a) How far
- b) How long
- 15 would you like to drink?
- a) Which
- b) What
- 16. I can give Bob the message if I (see) him.
- a) will see
- b) see
- 17. If I (hear) any news, I (phone) you.
- a) will hear, will phone
- b) will hear, phone
- c) hear, will phone
- 18. If the weather (be) fine tomorrow, we are going to have a picnic.
- a) is
- b) will be
- 19. Hurry up! If you (catch) a taxi, you (meet) Mary at the station.
- a) catch, will meet
- b) will catch, meet
- c) will catch, will meet
- 20. When I (arrive) in Manchester next
- a) will arrive, will phone
- b) will arrive, phone
- c) arrive, will phone
- 21. If he (not/be) busy tomorrow morning, he probably (give) you a lift.
- a) isn't busy, will probably give
- b) won't be, will probably give
- c) won't be, probably gives
- 22. Call for an ambulance if he (feel) worse.
- a) will feel
- b) feels
- c) feel
- 23. I met my (good) friend yesterday.
- a) goodest
- b) better
- c) best
- 24. Dorothy is (young) in her family.
- a) the youngest
- b) the younger

- c) young
- 25. Where is (near) post office, please? a) the nearest b) the next c) nearer

№18

Лексико-грамматический тест 1

Выберите только один правильный ответ из предложенных:

- 1.Ann ... good in Physics.
- a) am b) is c) are
- 2. Alex and his wife ... from Montana.
- a) are b) is c) am
- 3. I... sleepy, because it is too late.
- a) is b) am c) are
- 4. It ... very hot today.
- a) am b) are c) is
- 5. The door in my room is ..., than in your room.
- a) the largest b) larger c) large
- 6.Jane is the ... student in our group.
- a) best b) better c) good
- 7. The weather in London is as ... as in Paris.
- a) worse b) the worst c) bad
- 8. I prefer semolina porridge ... breakfast.
- a) on b) at c) for
- 9. This blouse is made ... silk.
- a) with b) of c) in
- 10. My friend is fond ... music.
- a) of b) on c) by
- 11. ... Sundays we go to the cinema.
- a) in b) on c) at
- 12. Выберите правильный вариант перевода «Мне хочется фруктов»
- a) I like some fruit b) I want some fruit c) I'd like some fruit
- 13. Выберите правильный вариант перевода «Мне требуется 10 минут чтобы добраться до школы»
- a) It takes me 10 minutes to get to school. b) It takes to me 10 minutes to get to school
- c) It takes from me 10 minutes to get to school
- 15. Выберите правильный вариант перевода «Он никогда не летает самолётом»
- a) He never goes in the plane b) He never goes by plane c) He never goes to plane
- 16. Выберите правильный вариант перевода «Ей 17 лет»
- a) She have sixteen old years b) She is in sixteen c) She is sixteen years old
- 17. I can see three ... in the photo.
- a). woman b). women c). womans
- 18. ... are sitting on the pond
- a) goose b) gooses c) geese
- 19. These ... are very expensive
- a) shoes b) shoeses c) shoe
- 20. What is the name of the British national flag?
- a) the Union Jack b) the United Jack c) the Union John
- 21. London is located on the river
- a) Avon b) Thames c) Serpentine
- 22. Great Britain is...
- A) constitutional monarchy b) republic c) federal republic
- 23. Britain's national drink is
- a) coffee b) coca-cola c) tea
- 24. The main sightseeing of London is Big Ben, it is a...
- a) museum b) clock c) monument
- 25. The main political parties of Great Britain are...

	tive and Labour c)Conservative and Democratic	
26.The British Parliament consist of		
A) the House of Lords and the House of	Commons	
b) the Congress and the House of Represe	entatives	
c)the Senate and the House of Commons		
d) the house of Lords and the Royal Cour	t	
27. Who is the head of state in the United	Kingdom?	
a) President b)the Qeen c) the Prime M	inister d)Lord Chancellor	
28. The official residence of Queen Eliza		
a) Albert Hall b)Tower c) Buckinghan		
29. The wax models of famous people are		
a) Big Ben b) Covent Garden c)the Na		
30. A world famous grammar school, for		
a)Trinity College b)Eton c)Cambridge		
Coomhecume:	a) Tring 5 conege	
31. The parts of the UK and their capitals		
1) England	a) Cardiff	
2) Scotland	b) London	
3) Wales	c) Belfast	
,	,	
4) Northern Ireland	d) Edinburgh	
32. The holiday and its symbol:	a) mamaalkaa	
1) Christmas	a) pancakes	
2) Easter	b) a pumpkin	
3) Pancake Day	c) stockings at the fireplace	
4) Halloween	d) a rabbit	
33. The place and a kind of sports:		
1) Wimbledon	a) horse-racing	
2) Wembley	b) lawn tennis	
3) Derby	c) association football	
34. The place and the sight of it:		
1) Cambridge	a) ravens	
2) Ben Nevis	b) Queen's residence	
3) Buckingham Palace	c) The highest mountain	
4) Tower	d) Colleges and universities	
35.Соотнесите:		
1. Wales a) It has a warm, wet cl	imate, green brilliant grass. Much of the land is farming	
country. It is separated fr	om Great Britain by the Irish Sea.	
2. Northern Ireland b) It is a lan	d of mountains, lakes and romantic castles. Most farmers keep	
sheep. Deer live in the fo	rests here.	
3. England c) It has p	retty valleys. But it has plenty of industry too, with many	
factories and coal mines.	The people of this part are very musical.	
	eas of it are very crowded, especially the southeast of it.	
Fishing is an important industry in the northeast of it. The most important river flows		
here.		
36. The parts of the UK and their national	symbols	
1) England	a) a thistle	
2) Scotland	b) a shamrock	
3) Wales	c) a red rose	
4) NorthernIreland	d) adaffodil	
.,		
	№19	
Лексико-грамматический тест2	J1217	
Terento i pammarii iconiii icci2		

7

Выберите только один правильный ответ из предложенных:

- 1.I... good in Maths.
- a) am b) is c) are

2. Rob and his family from London.
a) are b) is c) am
3. She sleepy, because it is too late.
a) is b) am c) are
4. It very hot today.
a) am b) are c) is
5. The shelf in my room is, than in your room.
a) the largest b) larger c) large
6. Denis is the student in our group.
a) best b) better c) good
7. The weather in Kirov is as as in Chicago
a) worse b) the worst c) bad
8. I prefer beefsteak dinner
a) on b) at c) for
9. This skirt is made silk.
a) with b) of c) in
10. My brother is fond music.
a) of b) on c) by
11 Sundays we go to the ZOO
a) in b) on c) at
12. Выберите правильный вариант перевода «Мне хочется фруктов»
a) I like some fruit b) I want some fruit c) I'd like some fruit
13. Выберите правильный вариант перевода «Мне требуется 15 минут чтобы добраться до
колледжа»
a) It takes me 15 minutes to get to College. b) It takes to me 15 minutes to get to College
c) It takes from me 15 minutes to get to College
14. Выберите правильный вариант перевода «Он никогда не ездит поездом»
a) He never goes in the train b) He never goes by train c) He never goes in train
15. Выберите правильный вариант перевода «Ей 16 лет»
a) She have sixteen old years b) She is in sixteen c) She is sixteen years old
16. I can see three in the photo.
a). man b). men c). mans
17 are sitting on the lake
a) goose b) gooses c) geese
18.These are very cheap
a) shoes b) shoeses c) shoe
19. What is the name of the American national flag?
a) the Stars and Stripes b) the United Stars c) the Union Stripes
20. Washington is located on the river
a) Avon b) Potomac c) Melburn
21. USA is
A) constitutional monarchy b) republic c) federal republic
22. American's national drink is
a) coffee b) coca-cola c) tea
23. The main American symbols of Freedom is a
a) The American flag b) The Bald Eagle c) The statue of Liberty
24. The main political parties of USA are
a) Democratic and Republican b) Conservative and Labour c)Conservative and Democratic
25. The American Parliament is a
a) the House of Lords and the House of Commons b) the Congress
c)the Senate and the House of Commons d) the house of Lords and the Royal Court
26. Who is the head of state in the USA?
a) President b). the Queen c) the Prime Minister d) Lord Chancellor
27. The official residence of the President is
a) Albert Hall b) the White House c) Capitol d) Royal Park
28. What American's place of interest is known to many children in the world?
a) White House b) Museum of Jefferson c) Disneyland d) Madame Tussaud"s

a) football b)golf c)ba	seball d) chess
30. Соотнесите:	
1) 1 77	a) One of the US Presidents, from a very poor family, was a lawyer,
1) A. Vespucci	fought against slavery, is a symbol of American democracy.
2) C. Columbus	b) One of the US Presidents, took part in many battles, fought for the independence of the country, during his ruling the US Constitution
2) C. Columbus	was written.
3) A. Lincoln	c) He made 4 voyages to North America, discovered one of the
·, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Bahamas Islands, discovered a new continent, and died ignorant of
4) G. Washington	the greatness of his discovery.
	d) He made several voyages to South America, wrote a description of
	what he had seen, proved the existence of the new continent.
31. The nickname of Stat	e:
1.Florida a)"The	
Prairie State"	1) 11771
2. Vermont	b)"The Sunshine State
3. Illinois	c) "The Evergreen State"
4. Washington	d) "The Green Mountain State"
32. The building and the	
1. The White House is	a) the highest skyscraper
2) The Capitol is	b) the President's residence
3.The Supreme Court is4. The Empire State Buil	
33. The place and the sigh	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1. Broadway is	a) a centre of New York
2. Harvard is	b) a capital of USA
3. Manhatten is	c) a symbol of American theatre
4. Washington is	d) a famous university
34. The famous people:	<i>3) 11 - 11111 </i>
1. Martin Luther King w	a) a famous American singer
2. Elvis Priestly	b) a famous boxer
3. Jack London	c) a famous American fighter for civil rights
4. Mohamed Ali	d) a famous American writer
35. The holiday and its sy	ymbol:
1) Easter	a) a turkey
2) Thanksgiving Day	b) a pumpkin
3) .Halloween	c) a rabbit
	№20
Лексико-грамматически	ий тест 1
De la companya mare ma adum	
-	правильный ответ из предложенных:
1. What is the name of the a) the Union Jack b	the United Jack c) the Union John
2. London is located on the	
	nes c) Serpentine
3. Great Britain is	ies c) serpentine
a) constitutional monarch	ny b) republic c) federal republic
4. Britain's national drink	
a) coffee b) coca-cola	
5. The British Parliament	
	d the House of Commonsb) the Congress and the House of Representatives
	se of Commonsd) the house of Lords and the Royal Court
	te in the United Kingdom?
	King c) the Prime Minister d)Lord Chancellor

29. What is America's national sport?

7. A world famous grammar school, founded in 1440 is		
a)Trinity College b)Eton c)Cambridge	d) King"s College	
8. The parts of the UK and their capitals	a) iting a conege	
1) England	a) Cardiff	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	
2) Scotland	b) London	
3) Wales	c) Belfast	
4) Northern Ireland	d) Edinburgh	
9. The holiday and its symbol:		
1) Christmas	a) pancakes	
2) Easter	b) a pumpkin	
3) Pancake Day	c) stockings at the fireplace	
4) Halloween	d) a rabbit	
10. The place and a kind of sports:		
1) Wimbledon	a) horse-racing	
2) Wembley	b) lawn tennis	
3) Derby	c) association football	
11. The place and the sight of it:	c) association footban	
1) Cambridge	a) ravens	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	
2) Ben Nevis	b) Queen's residence	
3) Buckingham Palace	c) The highest mountain	
4) Tower	d) Colleges and universities	
12. The parts of the UK and their national	symbols	
1) England	a) a thistle	
2) Scotland	b) a shamrock	
3) Wales	c) a red rose	
4) Northern Ireland	d) a daffodil	
Types of questions	,	
13 is it from here to St. Petersburg?		
a) How far		
b) How long		
14 would you like to drink?		
a) Which		
b) What		
15 of brothers Grimm was the eldest?		
a) Who b) What c) Which		
16. It's so cold today put on your warm	coat?	
a) Why you haven't		
b) Why haven't you		
17. Dad hasn't read the newspaper yet,?		
a), hasn't he?		
b), has he?		
c), did he?		
18 is Pam's sister? - She's a secretary a	at our college.	
a) What	ar our conege.	
b) Who		
c) Where		
	hink you'll be able to speak in another favy months	
	hink you'll be able to speak in another few months.	
a) How much		
b) How long		
c) What		
20. He can play golf well,?		
a), doesn't he?		
b), can he?		
c), can't he?		
Future actions		
21. If he (not/be) busy tomorrow morning,	he probably (give) you a lift.	
a) isn't busy, will probably give		

- b) won't be, will probably give
- c) won't be, probably gives
- 22. Call for an ambulance if he (feel) worse.
- a) will feel
- b) feels
- c) feel
- 23.Mrs.Clay (go) shopping today if she (finish) her work earlier than usual.
- a) goes, will finish
- b) will go, will finish
- c) will go, finishes
- 24. Watch the football match on TV at 11 p.m. if you (stay) at home tonight.
- a) will stay
- b) stay
- c) would slay
- 25. I'm tired, but if you (make) me strong coffee, I (go on) working.
- a) will make, go on
- b) will make, will go on
- c) make, will go on

Perfect Tenses

- 26. My parents (be) to the USA many times.
- a) have been
- b) had been
- c) will have been
- d) is being
- 27. Julia (finish) all the housework by three o'clock and we'll go for a walk.
- a) will finish
- b) will have finished
- c) have finished
- d) had finished
- 28. Aunt Polly punished Tom Sawyer because he (be) naughty.
- a) has been
- b) had been
- c) will have been
- d) finishes
- 29. Why are you looking so unhappy? I (lose) my purse.
- a) have lost b) had lost c) will have lost d) lost
- 30. We are going to buy a car. By the end of next month our family (save) money for it.
- a) will save b) will have saved c) have saved d) had saved

Complex object

- 31. Teddy's words made me (feel) uncomfortable.
- a) to feel
- b) feeling
- c) feel
- 32. Mrs. Pottson allowed her guests (smoke) in the living-room.
- a) to smoke
- b) smoking
- c) smoke
- 33. Her father made her (learn) the lessons.
- a) learn
- b) to learn
- c) learning
- 34. If you want us (make 4. I watched my cat (play) with her kittens. I couldn't tear myself away from that funny sight. 'a) played
- b) playing
- c) to play
- 35. Granny didn't want my Mom (marry) my Dad.

a) marry
b) to marry
c) married
Conditional sentences
36. Plants die if you (not / water) them.
a) won't water
b) don't water
c) wouldn't water
37. If I had one million dollars, I (probably / buy) a yacht.
a) would probably buy
b) will probably buy
c) probably bought
38 How did it happen that you missed you stop? - I (not / miss) it if the conductor (announce) the
stops.
a) wouldn't miss a) had announced
b) hadn't missed b) would have announced
c) wouldn't have missed c) announced
39. What a pity my husband is away! If he (be) here, he (help) us.
a) were a) will help
b) would be here b) would help
c) is c) helps
40. If I (get up) early tomorrow morning, I (go) jogging.
a) will get up a) go
b) get up b) am going to g
c) got up c) will go
41. You look tired. If I (be) you, I (take) a holiday.
a) be a) will take
b) were b) would take
c) have been c) take
42. If Benjamin Franklin (not / work) so hard, he (not / become) the symbol of America.
a) didn't work a) wouldn't have become
b) wouldn't have worked b) hadn't become
c) hadn't worked c) wouldn't become
№21
Лексико-грамматический тест 2
Рибериме модико один правили и й омеем из предпологии к
Выберите только один правильный ответ из предложенных:
1. What is the name of the American national flag?a) the Stars and Stripesb) the United Starsc) the Union Stripes
2. Washington is located on the river
a) Avon b) Potomac c) Melburn
3. USA is
a) constitutional monarchy b) republic c) federal republic
4. American's national drink is
a) coffee b) coca-cola c) tea
5. The main American symbols of Freedom is a
a) The American flag b) The Bald Eagle c) The statue of Liberty
6. The American Parliament is a
a) the House of Lords and the House of Commons b) the Congress
c) the Senate and the House of Commons d) the house of Lords and the Royal Court
7. Who is the head of state in the USA?
a) President b). the Queen c) the Prime Minister d) Lord Chancellor
8. The official residence of the President is
a) Albert Hall b) the White House c) Capitol d) Royal Park
9. What American's place of interest is known to many children in the world?

a) White House b) Museum of Jefferson c) Disneyland d) Madame Tussaud"s 10. What is America's national sport? a) football b)golf c)baseball d) chess *Types of questions* 11. Bob and Alice got married in 1991. a) How long have they been married? b) How long is it since they got married? c) When did they get married? 12. - Tell me something about Fred's wife. ...? - Oh, she's about 25, she's pretty and friendly. a) What is she? b) What does she like? c) What is she like? d) Who is she? 13. Mr. Evans is speaking over the phone, ...? a) ..., is he? b) ..., isn't he? c) ..., doesn't you? 14. You like black coffee, ...? a) ..., aren't you? b) ..., don't you? c) ..., do you? 15. does it cost to stay at the Hilton Hotel? a) How many b) How much c) What 16. You can have a photo. ... one would you like? a) What b) Which 17. You aren't well enough. You should stay with either me or your son, ...? a) ..., should you? b) ..., shouldn't you? c) ..., are you? 18. There isn't a cloud in the sky, ...? a) ..., is it? b) ..., does it? c) ..., is there? Future actions 19. I can give Bob the message if I (see) him. a) will see b) see 20. If I (hear) any news, I (phone) you. a) will hear, will phone b) will hear, phone c) hear, will phone 21. If the weather (be) fine tomorrow, we are going to have a picnic. a) is b) will be 22. Hurry up! If you (catch) a taxi, you (meet) Mary at the station. a) catch, will meet b) will catch, meet c) will catch, will meet 23. When I (arrive) in Manchester next week, I (phone) you. a) will arrive, will phone b) will arrive, phone c) arrive, will phone

Perfect Tenses

24. Tell Tommy about these wonderful islands. He (never / hear) about them.
a) has never heard
b) had never heard
c) will never have heard
d) heard
25. The workers say that they (build up) a district by the beginning of 2000.
a) will have built up
b) will build up
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
c) have built up
d) had built up
26. A mother asked the children if they (buy) some biscuits for tea.
a) has bought
b) had bought
c) bought
d) will have bought
27. I (leave) some photos to be developed. Are they ready?
a) have left
b) had left
c) will have left
d) leave
28. She (have lunch) by the time we arrive.
a) will have had
b) will have
c) have had
d) had had
Complex object
29. Our English teacher told us (not / feel) shy and speak English as much as possible.
a) not to feel
b) not
c) felt
30. I have to get my photograph (take) for a new passport.
a) took
b) take
c) taken
31. There wasn't much traffic in the street. I saw a little girl (cross) the road.
a) crossed
b) cross
c) to cross
32. I have never heard Helen (sing).
· · · ·
a) sang
b) sings
c) singing
33. Mary would like her brother (avoid) Tom's company.
a) to avoid
b) avoid
c) avoided
Conditional sentences
34 Did you say anything when he asked you? -No, I didn't. You see, if I (say) even a word, he (fly)
into a rage.
a) said a) flew
b) would said b) would have flown
c) had said c) had flown
35. Would it be all right if I (come) round at about six?
a) come
b) came
c) will come
36. If you (not / be) at a loose end last month, you (pass) your exam. But you failed it.

- a) hadn't been a) would have passed
- b) wouldn't have been
- b) would pass
- c) were not 37. If the water (be heated) to 100° C, it (boil).
- c) will pass
- a) will be heated
- a) would boil
- b) would be heated

- b) boils
- c) is heated

- c) boil
- 38. If pigs (have) wings, they (fly).
- a) had

a) will fly

b) have

b) flv

- c) would have
- c) would fly
- 39.I (do) the same if I (be) in your shoes.

a) would do

a) am

b) will do

- b) were
- c) would have done
- c) will be 40. If I (see) her, I (speak) to her. But I didn't see her and speak to her.
- a) saw

a) would have spoken

b) had seen

- b) spoke
- c) would have see
- c) would speak
- 41. Hurry up! We (not / get) good seats if we (arrive) late.
- a) don't get'

a) arrived

b) won't get

- b) will arrive
- c) didn'tget c) arrive

Инструкция по выполнению

При разработке тестовых заданий использовались следующие формы заданий:

– задания с выбором одного из предложенных ответов.

Время тестирования составляет до 40-45 минут, время ответа на одно тестовое задание – до 4 минут.

Оценка теста:

- -0(-) ответ на тестовое задание неверный,
- -1(+) ответ на тестовое задание верный.

Критерии оценивания:

Критерий	Балл	Критериальныйинтервал
85%	5 (отлично)	10
68%	4 (хорошо)	От 8 до 9
48%	3 (удовлетворительно)	От 5 до 7
менеечемна 48%	2 неудовлетворительно)	От 0 до 4

Контрольныеработы

Контрольная работа № 1 по теме «Настоящие времена английского глагола»

I. Insert the adverbs in brackets in the correct place.

- I've told you a lie, Dolly, and I am too old to begin now. (never) 1.
- The senior girl is asking us to be a little more quiet, (always) 2.
- She brings work home from the office, (often) 3.
- You are not at home when I phone, (sometimes) 4.
- 5. Have you lived in this town? (ever)

- 6. My friend doesn't arrive on time, (usually)
- 7. Bad students work hard, (never)
- 8. His car has stopped at the house, (just)
 - II. Use these sentences to ask questions. Begin each question with the words provided.
 - 1. I've been thinking about you a great deal.

(How *much* ?)

(Who . about?)

2. Run downstairs, your uncle is waiting for you.

(What?)

(Where ?)

3. I've just received a telegram about my poor friend.

(Who ?)

(Whose friend?)

4. The Christmas holidays begin next week.

(When?)

(What holidays?)

III. Put the verbs in brackets into the most suitable form: the Present Simple, the Present Continuous, the Present Perfect or the Present Perfect Continuous

- 1. She always(*borrow*) from me and never(*remember*) to pay me back.
- 2. Mother (*cook*) dinner while we (*talk*).
- 3. I shan't go out now as it (rain) and I (not / have) an umbrella.
- 4. You (believe) all that the newspapers say?
- 5. You (hear) the wind? It (blow)strongly.
- 6. We (walk) for three hours and we(walk) ten kilometers already.
- 7. My father (not / belong) to any political party.
- 8. He (*leave*) for London in two days.
- IV. Decide whether the forms in italics are right or wrong. Correct those that are wrong.

Example: Idon't like beer. Right.

He plays tennis at the moment. Wrong: is playing

- 1. He is usually staying at this hotel.
- 2. It doesn't snow now.
- 3. She understands German.
- 4. We are reading many books in the original.
- 5. She doesn't see you today.
- 6. Please be quiet. I watch television.
- 7. The sun sets early in winter.
- 8. My friend is waiting for me since two o'clock.
- V. Complete the sentences using the correct form of the words in brackets.
- 1. Ann works (hard) than her friend.
- 2. Their hotel is (*comfortable*) than that one.
- 3. Nick is running (*fast*) than we have expected.
- 4. My homework is *(bad)* than yours.
- 5. I had (*little*) time than I needed to do the work.
- 6. That's (good) tea I've ever tasted.
- 7. It looks (new) than the other things.
- 8. The city is ten times (*good*) than the countryin summer.
- 9. It was a cold February morning and there were(*few*) people in the street than usual.
 - 10. Jimmy is always (*true*) fellow in the world.
 - 11. Thinking (bad) is not helping.
 - 12. I've found my way around (bad) placesthan this.

VI. Translate the sentences into English.

- 1. Студенты сдают экзамены зимой и весной.
- 2. Вы уже купили свежую газету?
- 3. Поездприходит в 12 часов.
- 4. Как давно ты носишь очки? Уже пять лет.
- 5. Мои родители возвращаются завтра из Парижа.
- 6. Мужчина медленно встает и подходит к столу.
- 7. Я только что перевела эту статью.
- 8. Как давно вы здесь?
- 9. Он много работал в этом году и ему нужен отдых.
- 10. Смотрите, мы приближаемся к самому глубокому озеру на земле.
- 11. Я не знаю ничего страшнее этой истории.
- 12. Это самая тяжелая работа, которую я когда-либо делала.

Контрольная работа № 2 по теме «Неличные формы глагола»

I. Прочтите и переведитетекст

Programming Languages

Programming has been with us for over 40 years but it wasn't born at the time as the first computers. When the first early computers were built, there were no programming languages. First machines were initially programmed by flipping toggle switches and changing cables. Needless to say, this was a slow, awkward process. People began quickly searching for a better, faster way to issue instructions to the computer.

The result was what we call Programming Languages. The programming languages fall into three general categories. They are comprised of ones and zeros, and are directly understood or executed by hardware. Electronic circuitry turns these 0s and 1s into the operations the computer performs. Assembly Languages are powerful programming tools because they allow programmers a large amount of direct control over the hardware. They offer programmers greater ease in writing instructions but preserve the programmer's ability to declare exactly what operations the hardware performs. Assembly languages are machine-specific, or machine-dependent. Machine-dependent means the instructions are specific to one type of computer hardware. Assembly languages are still provided by most computer manufacturers – they can't be translated and used on another computer. Assembly code for a Prime mini won't work on a Digital mini. Assembly code can't even be transferred between some machines built by the same manufacturer. For the most part, assembly languages are used by systems programmers to develop operating systems and their components.

II. Заполнитепропуски:

- 1. First machines were by flipping toggle switches and
- 2. The programming languages fall into
- 3. They are comprised of and
- 4. are powerful programming tools.
- 5. Machine-dependent means
- 6. A high-level language is a language in which
- 7. is an expression of instruction in a programming language.
- 8. allows programmers to calculate complex formulas with a few source code instructions.
- 9. stands for Algorithmic Language.
- 10. Basicuses

III. Употребите инфинитив с частицей to или без частицы to

- 1. You ought... (make) more of an effort at school.
- 2. You are not allowed ... (walk) on the grass here.
- 3. I can hardly... (wait)... (see) you!
- 4. There's no need... (rush) just take your time.
- 5. It's difficult... (read) English books in the original.
- 6. The soup is too hot... (eat). You'd better... (cool) it a bit.

- 7. It's nearly 8. You are going ... (miss) your lesson.
- 8. I must... (return) the book to the library as soon as I have read it.
- 9. You'd better (stop)... quarrelling now.
- 10. It's kind of you ... (help) us.
- 11. You have ... (be) a pretty good cook ... (get) a job as a chef.
- 12. Why not ... (join) them? We could ... (have) a lot of fun there.
- 13. I have never heard him... (say) anything of the kind.
- 14. Are you strong enough... (lift) that box?
- 15. She is thoughtful enough ... (send) us a greetings card.
- 16. I'd like you ... (think) it over first.
- 17. It usually takes me an hour... (write) an essay.
- 18. Let me... (close) the door, shall I?
- 19. They can't afford... (buy) a car.
- 20. I'd rather... (let) the children... (decide) for themselves.
- 21. They can hardly make both ends ... (meet).
- 22. I showed them how... (use) the computer.
- IV. Gerund или Infinitive (with or without "TO")

1. They suggested	by bus instead of by plane. (TRAVEL)	
2. It seems difficult	everything about this topic. (KNOW)	
3. We were all looking forward	the New Year in New York. (CELEBRATE)	
4. We are planning	to Europe this summer. (GO)	
5. It was very difficult for him to qu	. (SMOKE)	
6. She tried to avoid	unnecessary mistakes. (MAKE)	
7. I let him t	to his friend's house after he had done his homework. (GO)	
8. Can you imagine	the painting before the Christmas holidays? (FINISH)	
9. We are used	up early in the morning. (GET)	
10. The suspect denied	said that in public. (HAVE)	
11. She enjoys	the weekend with her family. (SPEND)	
12. I forgot	the door when I left. (LOCK)	
13. I have decided	more often. (EXERCISE)	
14. Mary keeps	about her problems all the time. (TALK)	
15. Most European countries don't	allow in bars and restaurants. (SMOKE)	

Инструкция по выполнению

Время выполнения составляет до 40-45 минут, время ответа на одно задание – до 4 минут. Оценка заданий контрольной работы:

- -0(-) ответ на задание неверный,
- -1(+) ответ на задание верный.

Критерии оценивания:

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85%	5 (отлично)	10
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менеечемна 48%	2 неудовлетворительно)	От 0 до 4

3. Методические материалы, определяющие процедуры оценивания знаний, умений, навыков и (или) опыта деятельности, характеризующих этапы формирования компетенций

Процедура оценивания знаний, умений, навыков и (или) опыта деятельности, характеризующих этапы формирования компетенций, состоит из текущего контроля.

Текущий контроль успеваемости проводится с использованием оценочных средств, представленных в п. 2 данного приложения. Результаты текущего контроля доводятся до сведения студентов до промежуточной аттестации.

МЕТОДИЧЕСКИЕ УКАЗАНИЯ ДЛЯ ОБУЧАЮЩИХСЯ ПО ОСВОЕНИЮ ДИСЦИПЛИНЫ (МОДУЛЯ)

ОГСЭ.03 Иностранный язык в профессиональной деятельности

Методическиеуказаниядлястудентовпоосвоению дисциплины Иностранный язык в профессиональной деятельности являются частью рабочей программы дисциплины (приложение мкрабочей программе).

Рабочая программадисциплиныутверждаетсядиректором колледжа дляизучениядисциплины. Определяетцелиизадачидисциплины, формируемые входеее изучения ком петенции и ихкомпоненты, содержание изучаемогоматериала, видызанятий и объемвы деляемого учеб ноговремени, а также порядокизучения и преподавания учебной дисциплины.

Для самостоятельной учебной работы студента важное значение имеют разделы «Структура и содержание дисциплины» и «Учебно-методическое и информационное обеспечение дисциплины». В первом указываются разделы и темы изучаемой дисциплины, а также виды занятий и планируемый объем (в академических часах), во втором — рекомендуемая литература и перечень ресурсов информационно-телекоммуникационной сети "Интернет".

Для подготовки к текущему контролю студенты могут воспользоваться оценочными средствами, представленными в Приложении 1 к рабочей программе дисциплины.

1. Описаниепоследовательностидействийстудента

Приступая к изучению дисциплины, необходимо в первую очередь ознакомиться с содержанием рабочей программы дисциплины, где в разделе «Структура и содержание дисциплины» приведено общее распределение часов аудиторных занятий по темам дисциплины и видам занятий.

Залогом успешного освоения дисциплины является посещение занятий и выполнение практических заданий, так как пропуск одного, а тем более нескольких занятий - может осложнить освоение разделов курса.

Практические занятия проводятся с целью углубления и закрепления знаний, полученных на лекциях, в процессе самостоятельной работы с учебной литературой.

Выполнение обучающимися практических заданий направлено на:

- обобщение, систематизацию, углубление, закрепление полученных теоретических знаний по конкретным темам дисциплины;
- формирование умений применять полученные знания на практике, реализацию единства интеллектуальной и практической деятельности;
- выработку при решении поставленных задач таких профессионально значимых качеств, как самостоятельность, ответственность, точность, творческая инициатива.

2. Рекомендации по работе с литературой и словарями

Работу с литературой и словарями следует начинать с анализа рабочей программы дисциплины, содержащей список основной и дополнительной литературы.

В случае возникновения затруднений в понимании учебного материала следует обратиться к другим источникам, где изложение может оказаться более доступным.

Работа с литературой и словарями не только полезна как средство более глубокого изучения любой дисциплины, но и является неотъемлемой частью профессиональной деятельности будущего выпускника.